

Jesse Owens agradece la hospitalidad alemana, 1936.

Jesse Owens: 'En la Alemania nazi lo trataron como a un igual'

> *"**Cuando pasé, el Canciller [Adolf Hitler] se levantó, me saludó con la mano y yo le devolví la señal.** Pienso que los reporteros tuvieron mal gusto al criticar al hombre del momento en Alemania."*
> *—Jesse Owens, en una entrevista al Tampa Tribune el 01/04/80, páginas 1 y 3-6 antes de fallecer en el hospital de cáncer.*
>
> *"En la Alemania nazi, **lo trataron como a un igual**", comentó William J. Baker, el **biógrafo de Owens.***

BBC Britains Greatest Pilot The Extraordinary Story of Captain Winkle Brown

> *"Realmente **presencié a Hitler estrechando sus manos con Jesse Owens y felicitándolo por lo que él había logrado**."*
> *— Eric Brown, piloto más condecorado aún vivo de la marina británica, Documental de la BBC "Britain's Greatest Pilot: The Extraordinary Story of Captain Winkle Brown" desde el **minuto 5:35**, June 1, 2014.*

The Pittsburgh Press Sports

PAGE 26. PITTSBURGH, PA., MONDAY, AUGUST 24, 1936 PAGE 26.

Owens Arrives With Kind Words for All Officials

By The United Press

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America's triple record-breaker in the Berlin games had only kind words for everyone and everything.

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"Honey, child, I'm so proud of you."

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"I'b sure glad to see you, coach." Jesse said, with his face wreathed in a large smile.

Owens plans to return to Cleveland by train at 8 p. m. (E. D. T.) to night. He will be given an official welcome by the city of Cleveland and presented with other gifts, one of which is expected to be a home.

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Dempsey said: "Of all celebrities I ever saw return home from their triumphs, Owens' is easily the most natural and modest. He hasn't lost his sense of balance with his newfound iame."

After disposing of questions regarding his future plans, Owens talked at length about the Olympic Games, volunteering most of the information without waiting for reporters to question him.

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As for Adolf Hitler, Owens had nothing but kind words.

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Although Owens said he didn't see eye to eye with the A. A. U. on some of its policies, he would be a "poor sportsman" to criticize that organization.

[SECCION RESALTADA]

"'Fui tratado de maravilla por todos [en Alemania]. Todo lo que cualquier atleta americano deseara, incluyéndome, nos era dado'... *En cuando a Adolf Hitler, Owens no tenía más que amables palabras.* 'Hitler tenían cierto tiempo para venir al estadio, y cierto tiempo para irse, por casualidad tuvo que marcharse antes de la ceremonia de la victoria por los 100 metros. Pero antes de irse... pase cerca de su lugar. [Hitler] me saludo, y yo lo salude también. Pienso que fue de mal gusto criticar al hombre del momento.'"



"He leído muchas historias diciendo que Hitler ignoro [a Jesse Owens]. Esto es una absoluta mentira, ya que yo mismo fui testigo al ver a Hitler estrechar sus manos con Jesse Owens, felicitándolo por sus victorias."

-- Eric M. Brown, el piloto más condecorado en la historia de la marina británica, 01/Junio/2014. *Britain's Greatest Pilot: The Extraordinary Story of Captain 'Winkle' Brown*, documental de la BBC.

THE PITTSBURGH PRESS - LUNES, 24 AGO. 1936, P. 26



The Pittsburgh Press Sports



WELL! IT'S DIZZY AGAIN TODAY! THAT'S MORE HEAT!



THE VILLAGE SMITHY

Things Booming Again! Pirates and Rigby Check In

By CHESTER L. SMITH, Sports Editor

THIS should be a busy week at the local depot. The Pirates and Mr. Elwood Rigby will detrain, the latter on the morrow and Mr. Rigby some time today. Mr. Rigby, a promoter by trade, can be trusted to reach for a telephone and begin calling in all directions. The sight of a receiver hanging mute on a hook is a challenge the gentleman has never been known to spurn.

* * *

Mr. Rigby has been in New York spending the wad he made on the John Henry Lewis-Al Gainer fight and devising ways and means of accumulating a fresh bundle. The first man he went after was Freddie Steele, the new middleweight champion. He wanted Freddie to fight Teddy Yarosz here next month and offered $25,000 if the title was up and $7500 if it wasn't. Steele turned them both down. Freddie wants something to keep him warm this winter and he doesn't know anything better than a champion's robe. So he is taking no chances. But it's hard to explain why he didn't fancy the likes of Yarosz for a non-title match.

* * *

Yarosz may have made a mistake when he knocked out Young Terry in Youngstown a couple weeks ago. Word of things like that gets around in a hurry. The upshot of it is that Teddy finds himself highly respected once again, after hobbling off the scene on crutches almost two years ago. He should have put on false whiskers for his comeback. But there will be no objections to Steele's failure to fight here if Rigby can go through with the plan to match Yarosz and Babe Risko. Everyone would be anxious to see what Ted could do to the Babe while standing on two legs. He didn't do so badly on one just a year ago.

* * *

And Theres' Pirates

THE PIRATES open a series with the Dodgers of Brooklyn tomorrow. The interest in this event would be largely academic were it not for the fact that the Traynors suddenly began blooming again last week. They may make quite a drive out of it the rest of the way. No pennant, but making it hot for those who harbor designs on the flag. In a way, the Corsairs have been disappointing but it would be nice to know what they would have done had they not lost Waite Hoyt and Al Todd for long stretches. Of course, there can't be any answer to such a question, but my private hunch is that they would be within four or five games of the top at the moment. Write to your congressman if you object.

* * *

Skipper Traynor is going to give Russell Bauers another pitching assignment one of these days soon. Bauers, who spent most of the summer with Knoxville, got his first last week and behaved like a high school freshman after his first gin buck. I don't know what they use for a home plate in Knoxville, but it must be something different because he couldn't recognize the one at Forbes Field. But Traynor remembers his own debut. It was on the Polo Grounds. The then boyish Pie made a beautiful stop of a hard smash and calmly tossed the ball into the second deck of the grandstand, where First Baseman Charley Grimm was not playing. Remembering this, he forgives Master Bauers his stage fright and sticks to the prediction that the kid will be a winner.

* * *

Mail Man Loafing

AFTER the Pirates had beaten the Cubs three times last week there was a lull in the correspondence which reaches this desk. Not a single reader volunteered information to be passed along to the management. It is the strangest thing. When a team is poor, everyone is willing to tell how to make it good but when it is good, there is a dearth of data on how to make it better. We have a suspicion that solid hitting by Vaughan and Brubaker and tidy pitching on the part of Hoyt, Swift and Birkofer might have had something to do with it all. We hesitate to mention these factors because it is always Traynor's fault when they lose and there seems to be no other fair way out than to give the same man all the credit when they win.

* * *

The current week is to be climaxed by the arrival of the Giants Friday. We all laughed at them in June but no one is laughing now, except possibly the Giants themselves. Followers of Gov. Landon can take heart over what is happening in the National League.. The Governor couldn't be any farther off the top than Bill Terry was six weeks ago. But we'd better stop this paragraph right here or we'll be getting a nastly look from the editorial page any minute.

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TIME OUT - - - By Chester L. Smith and Jack Berger



Easy with that gun, Zeke—maybe he's one of them Presidential candidates posin' fer a picture.

17-Year-Old Rookie Fans 15 Browns

Bob Feller Just Fails to Tie Record in First Pro Start

By The United Press.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 23—A new "schoolboy" of baseball, fresh from the corn belt, won his way to starting assignments with the Cleveland Indians for the rest of the season.

Bob Feller, 17-year-old fuzzy adolescent, who struck out 15 St. Louis batters yesterday, drew the heaviest superlatives of the club management.

Steve O'Neill, manager, said "We'll pick the spots for him just as we have been. He'll start some of the games."

The Indians were idle today, but play in Washington tomorrow.

Feller, who likes to sleep, got up late this morning and told newspapermen he "wasn't very tired" after coming within one strikeout of equaling Rube Waddell's American League record of 28 years standing.

Flies Worried Him

"I knew Dizzy Dean had the record. But I didn't know the league record was 16. It wouldn't have made any difference, though, because I gave everything I had anyway."

He said the only time he was worried was when several flies went into right field.

"From where I stood, I couldn't judge 'em so well and I was afraid they might go over the wall."

Feller is rangy. He stands 5 feet 11 inches and weighs 170. In the pressure of yesterday he lost only three pounds.

Cyril C. Slapnicka, Indians' general manager, who asked O'Neill to start Fellers, said he "must have lost at least five pounds watching the bay, but I feel great today."

Feller went on: "My first chance came at home. 'Pop' set up a backstop in a field on the farm. I played quite a bit there. We live near Adel, Ia.

From the 1935 national semi-pro tournament at Dayton, O., came an opening. There he struck out 18, though his team, the Adel Farmers Union, lost.

Junior in High School

Larry Gilbert, scout for the New Orleans Pelicans, Indian farm, and Slapnicka spotted Feller, signed him for Cleveland.

He came here when school closed in the spring and peddled peanuts in the stands until yesterday's opportunity. He has one year more of high school and plans to return to his books at the season's end.

Between the Farmers Union and Adele High School in 1935, Feller won 25 games, lost four and struck out 360 men in 157 innings.

Before yesterday he never had pitched a ball in even a minor league. On July 6 he struck out eight St. Louis Cardinals in an exhibition game with the Indians.

O'Loughlin, Partner Lose In Net Final

WHEELING, W. Va., Aug. 22—West Penn Champion George Pryor, of Oklahoma, and Gordon Reeder, of Texas, won the men's doubles title at the Wheeling Centennial tennis tourney today, defeating Dr. John O'Loughlin and Billy Fay, of Pittsburgh, in the final. The scores were 6-2, 6-1, 1-6, 6-2.

Dolly Harris, of Pittsburgh, captured the women's singles crown by setting back Eleanor Zink, of Steubenville, 6-0, 6-3.

Pryor defeated his partner and college teammate, Reeder, in the singles final for men. The scores were 6-0, 6-2, 6-2.

Pittsburghers Play In National Tennis

Special to The Pittsburgh Press

CHESTNUTHILL, Mass., Aug. 24—In first round matches of national doubles championship at Longwood Cricket Club, Chestnuthill, Mass., this afternoon, Bob Madden, Pittsburgh, and Pete Lauck, Mont Clair, N. J., play Norman Bukel and Norbert Burgess, Chicago team, while Frank Broida, Pittsburgh, and Henry Barclay, Baltimore, meet Bitsy Grant and J. Gilbert Hall, sixth seeded team.

No Record Safe When Lou's On The Loose




HERE'S THE SWING and the swinger who may make baseball history in the home run market this season. Lou Gehrig hit his fortieth yesterday, which gives the big Yankee slugger a fine chance to equal or better the mark of his once famous team mate, Babe Ruth, whose high water mark was 60.

The Majors

Aug. 24, 1936

GAMES TODAY

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Pittsburgh at St. Louis.
Cincinnati at Chicago.
(Others not scheduled.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Chicago at Detroit.
(Others not scheduled.)

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	Pct.	G.B.
St. Louis	72	45	.615	..
New York	72	46	.610	½
Chicago	68	50	.576	4½
PITTSBURGH	61	58	.513	12
Cincinnati	56	61	.479	16
Boston	53	64	.453	19
Brooklyn	47	70	.402	25
Philadelphia	41	76	.350	31

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	Pct.	G.B.
New York	78	41	.655	..
Cleveland	67	53	.558	11½
Detroit	65	56	.537	14
Chicago	63	57	.525	15½
Washington	62	59	.512	17
Boston	60	62	.492	19½
St. Louis	41	76	.367	31½
Philadelphia	43	78	.355	36

GAMES TOMORROW

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Brooklyn at Forbes Field, 3:15 p. m.
New York at Cincinnati.
Boston at St. Louis (2).
Philadelphia at Chicago.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Detroit at Boston.
St. Louis at New York.
Cleveland at Washington.
Chicago at Philadelphia.

RESULTS YESTERDAY

NATIONAL LEAGUE

First game— R. H. E.
Pittsburgh ......100 020 000— 3 10 1
St. Louis ......010 000 15x— 7 11 1
Batteries—Weaver, BLANTON, Brown and Padden; Johnson, HEUSSER and Ogrodowski, Davis.

Second game—10 innings (called account darkness) R. H. E.
Pittsburgh ....301 001 100 0— 6 10 3
St. Louis .....000 300 111 0— 6 14 0
Batteries—Hoyt, Swift and Todd; Earnshaw, Parmelee, Haines, Winford, Johnson and Davis.

First game— R. H. E.
New York .....000 100 020— 3 9 1
Boston ....001 100 000— 2 6 2
Batteries—FITZSIMMONS and Mancuso; MACFAYDEN and Lopez.

Second game— R. H. E.
New York ......000 200 022— 6 12 1
Boston ....000 000 001— 1 5 1
Batteries—SCHUMACHER and Mancuso; SMITH and Lopez.

R. H. E.
Cincinnati ......000 000 000— 0 4 3
Chicago ....010 132 00x— 7 10 0
Batteries—FREY, Stine and Lombardi; FRENCH and Hartnett.

First game— R. H. E.
Philadelphia ....000 000 410— 5 7 2
Brooklyn ......000 000 24x— 6 7 1
Batteries—Johnson, Bowman, PASSEAU, Jorgens, Sivess and Grace; Frankhouse, JEFFCOAT, Clark and Phelps, Berres.

Second game— R. H. E.
Philadelphia ....002 000 300— 5 9 2
Brooklyn ......000 000 210— 3 9 1
Batteries — WALTER and Atwood; MUNGO, Jefferson, Winston and Berres, Phelps.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

First game— R. H. E.
Washington ......010 230 210— 9 15 0
Philadelphia ....200 000 010— 3 5 1
Batteries—APPLETON and Bolton, Millies; ROSS, Rhodes and Hayes.

Second game— R. H. E.
Washington ......002 004 111— 9 12 0
Philadelphia ....100 010 310— 6 14 2
Batteries—DESHONG, Cohen, Cascarella and Bolton; LISENBEE and Hayes.

First game— R. H. E.
Boston ....200 010 000— 3 7 0
New York ....110 100 11x— 5 9 0
Batteries—MARCUM and R. Ferrell; RUFFING, Malone and Dickey.

Second game— R. H. E.
Boston ....400 000 002— 6 11 0
New York ....000 000 030— 3 9 1
Batteries—OSTERMUELLER, Wilson and Berg; HADLEY, Murphy, Malone and Glenn, Dickey.

R. H. E.
Chicago ....011 020 000— 4 9 0
Detroit ....002 000 000— 2 9 2
Batteries—WHITEHEAD and Sewell; WADE, Rowe and Hayworth.

R. H. E.
St. Louis ......000 001 000— 1 6 1
Cleveland ......000 003 10x— 4 9 1
Batteries—CALDWELL, Vanatta, Liebhardt and Giuliani; FELLER and George.

*Capitals denote winning and losing pitchers.

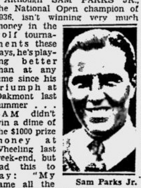
Joe Louis Gets London Offer; Perry, Net Star, To Turn Pro

British Promoter Wants 'Bomber' to Meet Empire's Newest Hope—Jacobs Wants $100,000 for Bout; Tennis Champion to Get $50,000

By JOE WILLIAMS

LONDON, Aug. 24—There is a very strong likelihood that Joe Louis may quit the United States next month or in October and journey to England for a joust with Ben Foord.

Foord, in case you're not up on your fisticuffs, is the newly-crowned heavyweight champion of the British Empire. The other night he whipped Jack Petersen. A Louis-Foord bout right now is blocked by a contract held by a rival promoter. This contract calls for Foord to tackle Walter Neusel, pugilistic pride of Germany if you delete Max Schmeling.



Joe Williams

The rival promoter, however, may listen to the song of cold cash as warbled by Brigadier General A. C. Critchley, a wealthy and responsible sportsman of these parts. From what I have been able to learn, General Critchley has the inside track. If the rival promoters harken to reason, as reason is measured in dollars and cents, Major Critchley will guarantee Louis $75,000, the highest guarantee in the history of English boxing.

Jacobs Wants $100,000

Mike Jacobs, who has something more than a fatherly interest in Louis' future meanderings, already has been sounded out on the Foord proposition. Mike would like $100,000, at least.

But even Mike might capitulate and combine a vacation with business. So, the Louis-Foord argument may be observed at slightly advanced prices in a brand-new arena. This stadium is located on the outskirts of London. It can seat 13,000, and is the last word in athletic arenas from an architectural viewpoint.

Before the subject of ticket charges is dismissed, however, it might be mentioned that General Critchley is far from backward when appraising an attraction. The present plan calls for the sale of a limited number of ringside pasteboards at $100 per copy. When Joe Beckett and Georges Carpentier staged their brief, but intriguing, meeting ringsides brought $125 each.

No Color-Line

The color line isn't recognized in this country. Louis is hailed as a mighty box-office attraction, an ebony magnet who will pull no end of pounds and shillings into the promotorial till. Jesse Owens drew 90,000 persons to the White City Stadium, owned by General Critchley, last week. Perhaps this explains the General's anxiety to put Louis' signature on the dotted line.

While jaunting about the sports centers here, one learns that there is the definite belief that Mr. Fred Perry will become an out-and-out professional after the National Singles championships are concluded at Forest Hills.

I have been told that Mrs. Fred Perry, known to the movie populace as Helen Vinson, talked her racquet-minded husband into cashing in on his tennis reputation while the cashing-in was good. Perry wrote to a friend here that he intended to turn pro. He expects to join a promotorial combination between Bill O'Brien and Jack Curley, with a $50,000 guarantee. He and O'Brien claim they have nothing to do with each other, but that's so much apple sauce, for the U. S. L. T. A. and the amateur-minded folk who can't stand the facts of competitive life.

The professional parade also will be bolstered by Jesse Owens, the high-stepping Negro from Ohio. Owens is sure to turn his back on the amateurs.

Louis-Ettore Bout Set

NEW YORK, Aug. 24—Promoter Mike Jacobs of the 20th Century Club announced today that arrangements for Joe Louis of Detroit to fight Al Ettore, Philadelphia heavyweight, at the Philadelphia Municipal Stadium on Sept. 22 had been concluded. It will be a 15-round bout.

Sports Stew—Served Hot

Although SAM PARKS JR., the National Open champion of 1936, isn't winning very much money in the golf tournaments these days, he's playing better than at any time since his triumph at Oakmont last summer . . . SAM didn't win a dime of the $1000 prize money at Wheeling last week-end, but had this to say: "My game all the way to the green was the best I've ever known. I just couldn't putt well enough, though." . . . PARKS teams up Thursday with LAWSON LITTLE, JIMMY THOMSON and HORTON SMITH in a free exhibition at South Park . . . He'll need his putting touch that day . . . BILL HARRIS, the former Pirate pitcher, is going to get another trial in the majors . . . BILL has twirled two no-hit games this year and the Boston Bees will look over his curves when Buffalo finishes up in the International League . . . They can't fool CHARLEY BAGWELL, the manager at Churchill Valley Golf Club . . . CHARLEY wanted and received the third round in the LOUIS-SHARKEY pool and today is $20 richer! . . . JOHN LAWTHER, who goes from Westminster to Penn State as basketball coach and is an authority as a psychologist, has contributed a chapter to the new "Educational Psychology," published this week. . . . LAWTHER uses an action picture of last year's Pitt-Westminster basketball game to illustrate his chapter . . . He and his family will take up their new home at State College the latter part of the month . . . POP WARNER and GIL DOBIE two of the oldest football coaches in the business in the point of service, will meet for the first time across the field when WARNER'S Temple team tackles DOBIE'S Boston College lads this fall . . . Hey, CLIPPER SMITH . . . Down in Houston, Tex., the boys have already installed Rice Institute a two-touchdown favorite over your Dukes for that game here Oct. 3 . . . See what you can do about making them eat their words, CLIP . . . FRANK KELLER of Johnstown can't wait to get to that Colgate football training camp . . . He weighs 190 pounds and says the fellow who beats him out of the halfback post will have to play all-America ball! . . . And what do you think that KID DUGIE said: "All young boxers starting out in the game seek a crown. But before long they usually get crowned! JACK SHARKEY got both!"—LESTER BIEDERMAN.

Sam Parks Jr.

Todd Gets Back—And That's Only Bright Spot As Bucs Blow Two Leads

Catcher Almost Causes Riot on Play at Plate—Weather Gets Weaver, Cards Get Blanton—Birkofer Against Dean in Playoff of Tie

Special to The Pittsburgh Press

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 24—The blistery heat of this mid-west metropolis held the Pirates fast in its grasp today, when, by all intents, and even the schedule, they should have been home loafing in the cool recesses of Schenley Park or some other hideout.

And it all came about because yesterday, with the second game more securely in their grasp than the first one, which they blew by the utter collapse of Cy Blanton in the eighth, they again let the Cards come from behind and earn a tie. After ten innings darkness called a halt.

It is this deadlock which will be played off today and Manager Traynor, still playing out his string, is figuring on sending either Ralph Birkofer or "Red" Lucas in to get a tie in the series. But, the chances of the Bucs getting that sort of a break are rather remote it is dollars to doughnuts, with the lead at stake with the Giants, Manager Frankie Frisch will have old "Diz" himself in there chucking. And when "Diz" chucks them at the Pirates, the Pirates fold up even neater and faster than they did yesterday.

Blanton Collapses

The terrific heat and a combination of strategic circumstances got hold of Jim Weaver after he had the first game pretty well sewed up. The heat wouldn't abate and the circumstances petered out, with the result that when the Cards came to the bat in the eighth, one run behind, they faced Cy Blanton. Things then happened so fast that before Cy got two men out the Cards had tied the score and were in a fair way toward winning.

Four hits and five runs in two-thirds of an inning was Cy's record for his short stay. Mace Brown staggered through to the finish, which proved more or less immaterial as the game had already been lost.

Big Jim allowed only six hits and two runs in the seven innings he worked but in the eighth, with Padden on first as the result of a single, and two out, Lucas batted for Jim, who had begun to bog down under the terrific glare of the mid-west sun.

Todd Back; Starts Riot

The only bright part of the day was the return of Al Todd to active duty. The catcher, who had been out of the game since July 10, when a foul tip smashed a finger, got into the second game and before it was over he almost caused a riot, as well as put Terry Moore, Cards' hustling outfielder, out of commission by stopping him dead in the ninth inning as Moore, carrying the tieing run, was out at the plate on a throw from Jensen.

Wild scenes followed the play, and as Moore was carried off the field, players of both clubs put on an act for the sweltering fans, who finally seemed to have become interested, now that the Cards are in a real fight. After quiet was restored the Cards proceeded to tie up the game via Frisch-Pepper Martin activities.

Waite Hoyt had worked well until this time, and although the Cards got to him for 14 hits, they were able to bunch them only in the third when they scored three. Bill Swift took his place in the ninth. Meanwhile the Bucs had routed Earnshaw, Parmalee and Haines, leaving Jim Winford to finish.

Paul Waner continued his batting championship drive, getting four hits out of nine trips, and scoring four runs, three of them in the nightcap. Ducky Medwick was the other heavy man at the bat, getting five hits in nine trips, four of them in the final game.

Following today's game the Pirates will rush home and tomorrow begin their stand against the East, Brooklyn being the first invader, followed by the Giants.

Lights Needed

FIRST GAME

PITTSBURGH	AB.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
L. Waner, cf	5	1	1	3	1	0
Jensen, lf	5	1	1	1	0	0
P. Waner, rf	5	1	1	1	0	0
Vaughan, ss	4	0	2	2	4	0
Suhr, 1b	3	0	1	5	0	0
Brubaker, 3b	4	0	2	0	0	0
Young, 2b	3	0	0	4	2	0
Padden, c	4	0	2	8	0	1
Weaver, p	2	0	0	0	1	0
*Lucas	1	0	0	0	0	0
Blanton, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Brown, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	36	3	10	24	8	1

ST. LOUIS	AB.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Moore, cf	5	1	3	2	0	0
Frisch, 2b	4	0	0	1	4	0
Martin, cf	3	1	1	2	0	0
Medwick, lf	4	1	1	2	0	0
Mize, 1b	4	1	1	11	0	0
Durocher, ss	4	2	2	1	2	0
Garibaldi, 3b	4	1	3	2	0	1
Ogrodowski, c	2	0	0	4	0	0
†Collins	1	0	0	0	0	0
Davis, c	0	0	0	2	0	0
Johnson, p	2	0	0	0	3	0
‡King	1	0	0	0	0	0
Heusser, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	34	7	11	27	9	1

*Lucas batted for Weaver in 8th.
†Collins batted for Ogrodowski in 7th.
‡King batted for Johnson in 7th.

PITTSBURGH .... 100 020 000—3
ST. LOUIS .... 010 000 15*—7

Earned runs—Pittsburgh 3, St. Louis 7. Two-base hits—Durocher, Mize. Three-base hit—Vaughan. Home run—P. Waner. Runs batted in—By Vaughan, P. Waner 2, Garibaldi 3, Medwick, Durocher, Heusser, Moore. Stolen bases—L. Waner, Garibaldi, Moore, Martin. Double play—L. Waner to Padden. First base on balls—Off Johnson 2 (Suhr, Young); off Weaver 1 (Martin); off Blanton 2 (Frisch, Heusser). Hit with pitched ball—By Blanton 1 (Davis). Hits—Off Weaver, 6 hits and 2 runs in 7 innings; off Blanton, 4 hits and 5 runs in ⅔ inning; off Brown, 1 hit in 1⅓ innings; off Johnson, 9 hits and 3 runs in 7 innings; off Heusser, 1 hit in 2 innings. Sacrifice hit—Weaver. Left on bases, Pittsburgh 9, St. Louis 7. Struck out—By Johnson 4 (Jensen, P. Waner, Young, Brubaker); by Heusser 2 (Young, P. Waner); by Weaver 6 (Moore, Martin, Ogrodowski, Johnson 2, Medwick); by Blanton 1 (Mize). Winning pitcher—Heusser. Losing pitcher—Blanton. Time of game—2:30. Umpires—Goetz, Reardon and Barr.

SECOND GAME

*PITTSBURGH	AB.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Schulte, cf	5	1	2	4	0	0
Jensen, lf	5	1	1	4	1	1
P. Waner, rf	4	3	3	1	0	1
Vaughan, ss	3	0	1	3	3	0
Suhr, 1b	4	0	1	9	0	1
Brubaker, 3b	4	0	1	0	1	0
Young, 2b	5	0	1	2	4	0
Todd, c	2	1	0	7	0	0
Hoyt, p	3	0	0	0	3	0
Swift, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	35	6	10	30	12	3

ST. LOUIS	AB.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Moore, cf	5	0	2	5	0	0
Johnson, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Frisch, 2b	5	1	1	3	2	0
Martin, rf	5	1	2	1	0	0
Medwick, lf	5	2	4	0	0	0
Mize, 1b	4	1	1	14	0	0
Durocher, ss	5	0	2	4	5	0
Garibaldi, 3b	5	0	0	0	4	0
Davis, c	5	0	0	2	2	0
Earnshaw, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Parmelee, p	2	0	1	0	2	0
Haines, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
*Collins	1	1	1	0	0	0
Winford, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
King, cf	2	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	44	6	14	30	15	0

*Collins batted for Haines in seventh.

Pittsburgh ... 301 001 100 0—6
St. Louis .... 000 300 111 0—6

Earned runs—Pittsburgh 6, St. Louis 6. Two-base hits—P. Waner, Martin, Moore, Medwick, Frisch. Home run—Mize. Runs batted in by—P. Waner 2, Suhr, Brubaker 2, Schulte, Medwick, Mize 2, Frisch, Durocher, Martin. Stolen base—Todd. Double play—Durocher to Mize. First base on balls—Off Parmelee 5 (P. Waner, Suhr, Brubaker, Todd, Hoyt); off Winford, 1 (Todd); off Swift, 1 (Mize). Wild pitch—Parmelee. Hits—Off Earnshaw, 3 hits and 3 runs (3 faced him); off Parmelee, 4 hits and 2 runs in 5 2-3 innings; off Haines, 2 hits and 1 run in 1 1-3 innings; off Winford, none in 2 innings; off Johnson, none in 1 inning; off Hoyt, 14 hits and 6 runs in 8 2-3 innings; off Swift, none in 1 1-3 innings. Sacrifice hits—Vaughan 2. Left on bases—Pittsburgh 7, St. Louis 9. Struck out—By Hoyt 5 (Moore 2, Medwick, Martin, Durocher); by Swift 1 (King); by Haines, 1 (Suhr); by Winford, 1 (P. Waner). Umpires—Barr, Reardon and Goetz. Time of game—2:25.

MacKenzie Succumbs To Racing Injuries

By The United Press

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 24—George "Doc" MacKenzie, 30, racing driver, died last night of injuries received during the day when his car collided with another driven by George Connors of San Bernardino, Cal., in the feature race at the Wisconsin State Fair.

MacKenzie last week set a new world record for the dirt mile, driving it in :38.67.

The Pittsburgh Press – August 24, 1936

> ***"Ambos estrecharon sus manos y Owens portaba en su billetera una foto con Hitler, Owens me dijo "FUE UNO DE LOS MOMENTOS MÁS LINDOS DE MI VIDA"*** *la foto había sido tomada en la mesa de los triunfadores y por eso los reporteros no lo testimoniaron. Yo lo vi, ¡YO LO VI!"*
> *—Sigfrid Mishner, periodista deportivo, "Daily Mail" británico 2008*

¿HITLER RACISTA? JESSE OWENS

> *"El hecho de que una raza quiera mantenerse pura, demuestra precisamente su fuerza vital y su voluntad de vivir. Me parece algo normal que* ***cada cual posea su orgullo racial****, y* ***esto no significa en absoluto despreciar a los demás.*** *Nunca tuve la opinión de que tal vez los chinos fueran racialmente inferiores. Ambos pertenecemos a viejas culturas y admito francamente que su tradición es mayor que la nuestra. Tienen todo el motivo de estar orgullosos de ello, al igual que nosotros estamos orgullosos del círculo cultural al cual pertenecemos. Hasta* ***creo que será tanto más fácil llegar a un entendimiento con los chinos y japoneses cuanto más persistan en su orgullo racial."*** *Adolf Hitler*

Hombre negro habla sobre Hitler - Ray Hagins

Taxista Nacional Socialista destroza a reportero de CBS

Muhammad Ali le dice sus verdades a JUDÍO promotor del mestizaje GOYIM

Oswald Mosley habla sobre el Multiculturalismo

El Ejercito Multi-racial al servicio de Adolf Hitler



Soldados Nacionalsocialista de razas asiáticas y orientales.

La historia de hoy, sin duda sorprenderá a muchos, pero es completamente cierta. En el mundo que vivimos los medios configuran nuestra visión del mundo de por vida, por eso resulta tan estimulante navegar por Internet y descubrir que no todo es como nos habían contado. Resulta que el régimen político más denigrado de la Historia al que siempre se le asocia con la xenofobia y racismo extremos, reunió durante la II Guerra Mundial el mayor contingente de voluntarios internacionales jamás visto.

Fueron cientos de miles de hombres de los más diversos lugares del planeta que lo dejaron todo para combatir junto a Alemania, por distintos motivos. Unos por luchar contra el colonialismo que atenazaba a sus naciones. Otros para luchar contra el comunismo representado en la Unión Soviética. Otros por identificación con las ideologías Nacional Socialistas.

Todos ellos dejaron sus vidas tranquilas, sus familias, sus trabajos,etc, para ir a combatir a miles de kilómetros por una causa que fue – y es – justa.

Videos e Imágenes al Final

Durante la segunda guerra mundial además de Alemanes y Volksdeutsche (alemanes de sangre que nacieron o residen en otros países), hubo millones de voluntarios extranjeros dentro de la Waffen SS y la Wehrmacht que apoyaron militarmente a Alemania contra las fuerzas aliadas, hubo diversas razones para que estos voluntarios extranjeros decidieran ponerse el servicio del Führer, algunos ciudadanos europeos simpatizaban con la idea nacionalsocialista como Leon Degrelle y deseaban una Europa Unida libre de la amenaza comunista, en países cercanos a la Unión Soviética vieron en Alemania un poderoso aliado para defender sus tierras de la invasión soviética como paso en los casos de Estonia y Letonia, dentro de la URSS los rusos y otras nacionalidades que se unieron al ejército alemán lo hicieron con el propósito de derrocar la tiranía de Stalin y por la libertad religiosa, porque el régimen de Stalin prohibía la religión y cientos de iglesias cristianas ortodoxas eran destruidas y sus congregaciones perseguidas; en los casos de los árabes e indios lo hicieron para pelear contra el enemigo común, los británicos que en este tiempo estaban ocupando los territorios de Palestina y la India respectivamente.

Apoyo Europeo



Afiche de publicidad de las
Waffen-SS

- Las Waffen SS estaba compuesta por cerca de 25 nacionalidades europeas diferentes: albaneses, armenios, belgas, búlgaros, bosnios, croatas, checoslovacos, daneses, estonios, finlandeses, franceses, españoles, griegos, holandeses, ingleses, italianos, letones, lituanos, noruegos, rumanos, húngaros, rusos, suecos y ucranianos.

- El 60% de las Waffen SS estaba compuesto por extranjeros europeos, entre algunos cuantos ejemplos de estas podría mencionar.

- La 5ª División Panzergrenadier SS Wiking fue creada en diciembre de 1940, con elementos alemanes, holandeses, flamencos, finlandeses y escandinavos.

- La 7ª División de Montaña SS Prinz Eugen fue creada a principios de 1942 en Serbia, con elementos étnicos germanos y de los Balcanes y con oficiales austríacos y rumanos.

- La 13ª División de Montaña SS Handschar fue formada a fines de 1943, con voluntarios musulmanes originarios de Bosnia y Herzegovina.

- La 14ª División de Granaderos SS Galicia fue formada en 1943, con voluntarios ucranianos de Rutenia y de Galizia.
- La 15ª División WAFFEN-GRENADIER DIVISION DER SS "LETTLAND", Constituida a comienzos de 1944, con la legión SS letona y unidades de seguridad.
- La 20a. Division WAFFENGRENADIER DIVISION DER SS "ESTLAND", la cual fue formada sobre la base de la legión SS Estonia a principios de 1944.
- La 21ª División de Montaña SS Skanderbeg fue constituida en 1944 con unidades de voluntarios albaneses.

Otros ejemplos de fuerzas militares europeas que podría mencionar que combatieron al lado de los alemanes son fuerzas como la Legión de voluntarios franceses contra el bolchevismo (en francés Légion des Volontaires Français contre le Bolshevisme), esta fue una fuerza militar formada en la Segunda Guerra Mundial por voluntarios franceses para luchar junto al Tercer Reich contra los soviéticos, la Division Azul formada por españoles que tenían como objetivo luchar contra Rusia como decían sus canticos o el Britisches Freikorps, quienes eran un pequeño grupo de Ingleses al servicio del Führer.

En la unión soviética el régimen de Stalin asesinaba personas a la orden del día, a este terror y opresión sobre la población de esta zona geográfica la gente lo busco combatir aliándose con los alemanes, entre los países que pertenecían a la URSS que apoyaron a Alemania se podrían mencionar: Armenia, Azerbaiyán, Georgia, etc.
Los Cosacos por traiciones y mal trato de Stalin se unieron al ejército alemán, diversos rusos por sus creencias cristianas ortodoxas y por su persecución decidieron también unirse, el general Andrei Vlasov organizó el ejército de liberación ruso para aliarse con Hitler y combatir a Stalin.

En este link se encuentra el discurso que dio el general Vlasov para dar a conocer su posición antistalinista y el apoyo a los alemanes:

General RUSO Andréi Vlasov denuncia al Bolchevismo

> *Praga, 14 de Noviembre de 1944. El famoso General Ruso Andréi Vlasov da un discurso en el cual denuncia al Bolchevismo y a la tiranía estalinista.*
>
> *El carismático Vlasov era un general muy famoso en la URSS. Era considerado uno de los mejores generales soviéticos pero luego fue capturado por los alemanes. Por tal motivo, el NKVD no tardó en asesinar a su esposa. Luego, al hablar con los alemanes y otros rusos anticomunistas, Vlasov cambió de bando y anunció que estaba dispuesto a comandar un ejército ruso anticomunista. Y así fue. Vlasov se convertiría en el comandante del Ejército Ruso de Liberación (POA o ROA) y, con la derrota europea de 1945, fue capturado por los estadounidenses, quienes lo entregaron inmediatamente a la URSS. Finalmente el 2 de agosto de 1946 sería ahorcado por el régimen genocida de la URSS contra el que había luchado.*

Asiáticos



Comandante Wehrmacht,
Chiang Wei-Kuo,
hijo del dirigente nacionalista chino
Chiang Kai Shek, estuvo al
mando de un grupo Panzer en la
ocupación de Austria.

Durante el Anschluss, o la anexión de Austria por parte de Alemania participó el primer oficial asiático de la Wehrmacht, un chino llamado Chiang Wei-Kuo, hijo del gobernador de China Chiang Kai Shek que llevaba mucho tiempo en Alemania instruyéndose militarmente, Chiang Wei-Kuo durante el Anschluss fue comadante de un grupo Panzer llevando a cabo sus operaciones con éxito.

Muchos japoneses y otras muchas personas de Asia que aceptaban la ocupación japonesa de su país pensaron que Estados Unidos y Gran Bretaña no era el verdadero gran enemigo a vencer, el verdadero enemigo contra el que tenían que pelear era el comunismo, debido a esto muchos asiáticos de diversos países ingresaron en Ejército del Tercer Reich, debido a estos deseos de combatir el comunismo los Altos Mandos del Reich tomaran medidas y los encuadraran en un mismo batallón, así se creó el OstBattalion-43, o Batallón 43, que fue incorporado a la Wehrmacht y enviado al frente de Rusia.

El Batallón 43 de la Wehrmacht estaba formado exclusivamente por asiáticos orientales provenientes en su mayor parte de China, Japón, Corea y Mongolia, aunque también había una menor parte que la componían tropas de Tailandia e Indonesia.

Árabes y musulmanes



Miembros de la 13ª División de
Montaña SS Handschar, europeos
étnicos musulmanes,
perfectamente de raza blanca.

La División Hanschar de la Waffen SS fue compuesta por bosnios y croatas musulmanes, esta división también tuvo el apoyo importante del Gran Mufti de Jerusalen (Palestina), al-Husayni, quien fue el principal aliado del mundo árabe de Hitler.

Freies Arabien fue una legión de voluntarios árabes, en su mayoría musulmanes, procedentes de Oriente Medio, Norte de África y partes de Europa sudoriental, fue parte de la Wehrmacht, el Kommando Deutsch-Arabischer Trupper (Kodat) fue creado en Túnez a principios de enero de 1943 como una unidad de choque de tropas árabes de la Wehrmacht, al mando del Teniente Coronel Meyer-Ricks.

Se podría mencionar otros voluntarios musulmanes con los voluntarios del Caucaso, Turkestan, Idel-Ural, Azerbaiyán, etc.

Raza Negra



Soldado marroquí de raza negra de la Legión Freies Arabien



Soldado negro de África y otros dos de infantería de la Legión Freies Arabien, como parte de la ocupación alemana en Grecia, 1943.

Dentro de los ejemplos de miembros de la raza negra en la Wehrmacht podremos encontrar algunos musulmanes de la Freies Arabien; en Francia algunos negros se alistaron en la Legión de Voluntarios Franceses (LVF), misma que luego pasó a formar parte de la 33ª División de Granaderos SS Voluntarios Charlemagne y fueron los primeros hombres negros en usar el uniforme alemán en la guerra.
Se destaca la existencia de un negro llamado Louis Joachim Eugene, (de 40 años en 1942), que sirvió dentro del personal del LVF en 1941. Luego volvió a Francia y se alistó en la organización Todt como Truppführer (sargento), donde supervisaría a los trabajadores.

Norbert Desire era también ciudadano francés de origen africano enlistado en el LVF, le fueron concedidas varias medallas, como el “Winterschlacht im Osten” (la “medalla de la carne congelada”, así fue apodada) y el Verwundetenabzeichen.

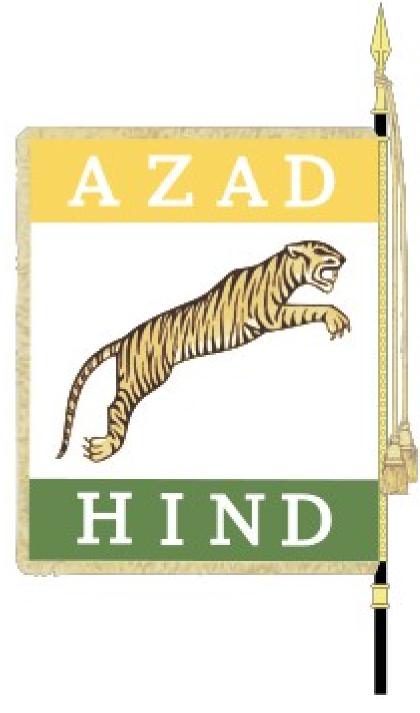
Indios



Unidad de la Legión Azad Hind

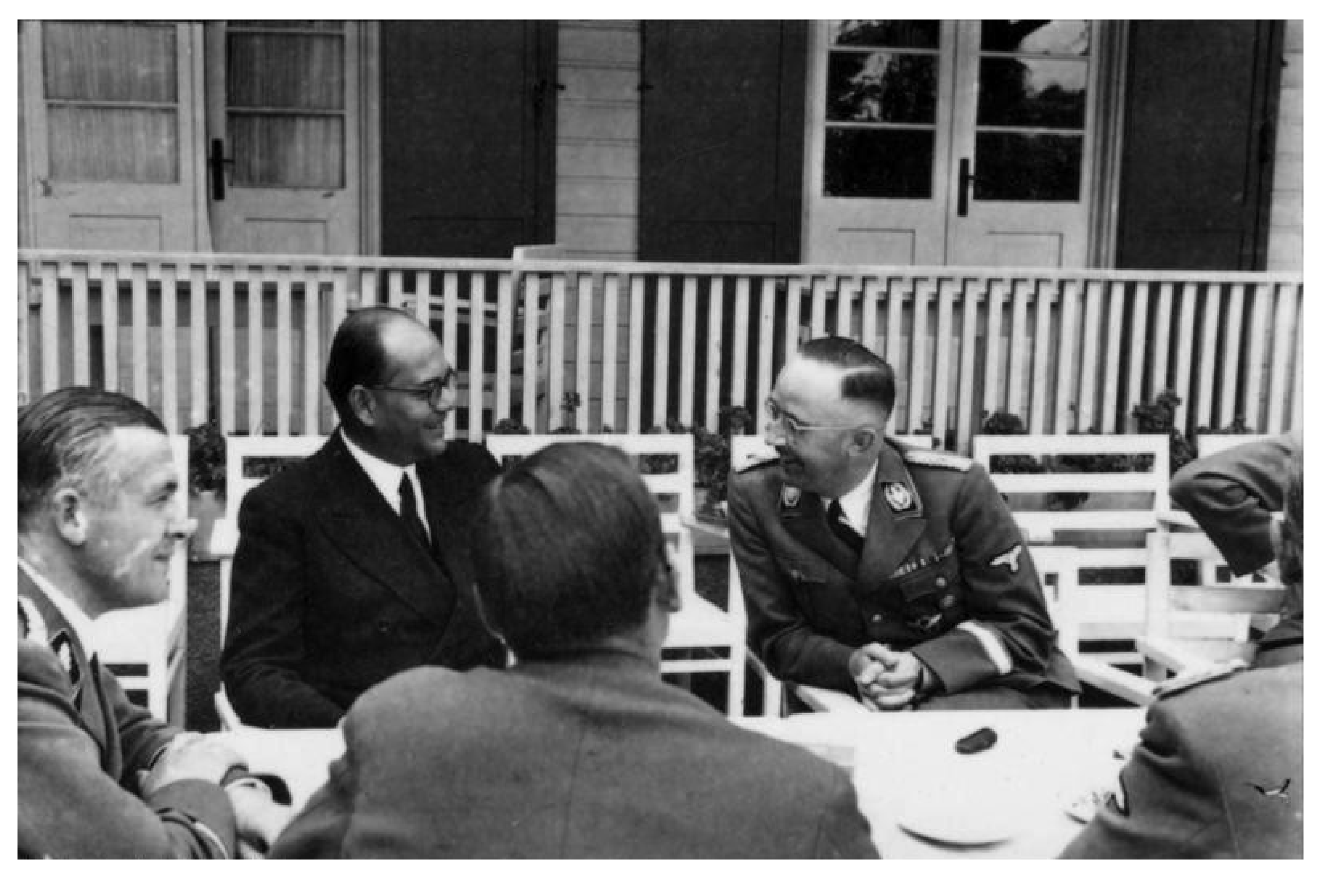


Soldados indios de la Legión Azad Hind bajo el mando alemán



Emblema de la legión Azad Hind

Freies Indien fue una legión de indios que formaba parte de la Wehrmacht para combatir a los ingleses, miles de soldados indios que se habían sumado a Gran Bretaña en la lucha contra el Eje cambiaron sus juramentos al rey de Inglaterra por la fidelidad a Adolf Hitler, además del enlistamiento, se obtuvo personal militar de los campos de prisioneros ingleses, los cuales usaban indios para combatir a los alemanes, en 1941 el líder revolucionario indio, Subhas Chandra Bose fue a buscar la ayuda de Hitler para expulsar a los británicos de la India, a finales de 1941, el régimen de Hitler reconocido oficialmente su provisionales “para la libertad de la India” en el exilio, e incluso aceptó ayudar a Chandra Bose levantar un ejército para luchar por su causa.



Subhas Chandra Bose en un almuerzo con Heinrich Himmler

“Juro por Dios en este juramento sagrado que voy a obedecer al líder de la raza alemana y el Estado, Adolf Hitler, como el comandante de las fuerzas armadas alemanas en la lucha por la India, cuyo líder es Subhas Chandra Bose” fue la frase que estos soldados recitaron.

Americanos

Hubo diversos latinos “Volkdeutsche” de países como Argentina, Chile o Brasil, como ejemplos podría mencionar al argentino Carlos Fuldner o al chileno Peter Hansen, así mismo, hubo algunos estadounidenses peleando del lado alemán como Martin Monti.

Judíos

Quizá el caso más sorprendente se encuentre en la participación de soldados con algo de sangre judía en sus venas considerados como “Mischlinge”, se estima que participaron más de 150,000 en las fuerzas armadas alemanas, por su dedicación a la nación alemana y no a la nación de Judá , les fueron concedidos papelería para ser tratados como alemanes, existe una investigación sobre este caso de Bryan Mark Rigg donde demuestra con documentación que es verdad, un caso conocido es el de Erhard Milch, quien fue un oficial de la Luftwaffe, que alcanzo el grado de Mariscal de Campo, de hecho su apodo luego de su captura fue “el judío nazi”.

Es importante remarcar en este punto que existen varios sitios en la web sensacionalistas de conspiraciones locas como los reptilianos donde dicen que esto demuestra que Hitler era sionista, etc., esto es mentira, porque aquí hablamos con hechos y no teorías locas sin fundamentos (ellos hablan de aliens reptilianos que toman forma de gente y otras tonterías ridículas), la llamada solución final era la deportación de judíos de los territorios alemanes, se llevo a cabo el acuerdo haavara, el cual consistía en la deportación pacífica de judíos a Palestina con ayuda del gobierno alemán, pero gracias a que diversos judíos no querían aceptar las leyes alemanas, el sabotaje de varios judíos, y la petición de parte de los aliados árabes de Hitler, esto no se llevo a cabo, también existen pruebas del plan Madagascar, el cual era relocalizar a los judíos en Madagascar, quien clame que Hitler era sionista debe tomar en cuenta que el gran Mufti de Jerusalén, Al-Huseyni, quien luchaba por la independencia de Palestina contra los ingleses vivió durante la época de guerra como invitado en Alemania y convivía personalmente con Hitler o Himmler, además que ayudaba al enlistamiento de soldados de religión musulmana en la Waffen SS o Wehrmacht, un hecho histórico más que comprobado.

Judíos Nacionalsocialistas: Los soldados olvidados de Hitler

150.000 Judíos Lucharon por Hitler: De ellos, hubo cerca de **30.000 que recibieron condecoraciones** en la guerra y otros **19.000 fueron ascendidos de cargos**, y **Hitler llegó a expedir certificados de sangre alemana limpia llamado Deutschblütigkeitserklärung** que no sólo **les permitía combatir sino también ser considerados Arios y poder llegar a ser oficiales de los Ejércitos Nacionalsocialistas.** Algunos **incluso 100% Judíos formaron filas junto a Adolf Hitler en el NSDAP** e incluso formaron parte de las temidas Unidades de Asalto Nacionalsocialistas, las SA.



Soldados mitad judios jurando fidelidad al tercer tercer reich

Ese es el caso de **Hans Sander que era Sturmführer de las SA** así como **miembro del Partido Nacionalsocialista (NSDAP)**, también fue **receptor de la Medalla de Oro del Partido** que se entregaba solo a aquellos que eran los más Fervientes Nacionalsocialistas. Sander era un **miembro completamente entusiasta y llegó a recibir del propio Hitler un Deutschblütigkeitserklärung.**

El certificado expedido el 30 de julio de 1935 con la firma de Hitler, además señalaba especialmente: “Apruebo su petición, en lo que a usted respecta personalmente, en consideración a su larga pertenencia al partido y su servicio digno de mención a nuestro movimiento. No existe razón por la que no debería usted permanecer en el partido o en las SA y retener su puesto de mando”.



Hans Sander

Hubieron muchos otros casos, pero aquí dejaremos una **lista de los mas destacados:**

El 30 de octubre de 1941, Hitler firmó un certificado a favor del **teniente Ernst Prager, medio-judío**, a fin de que pudiera incorporarse al servicio activo con un “status igual al de las personas de sangre alemana con respecto a las leyes raciales alemanas con todos sus derechos y obligaciones consiguientes”. **Estos judíos llegaron a alcanzar incluso puestos de mando de relevancia.** Por ejemplo, **Ernst Bloch y Felix Bürkner fueron coroneles; Helmut Wilberg, general de la Luftwaffe; Paul Ascher, primer oficial de Estado mayor del almirante Lütjen en el famoso acorazado Bismarck; y los hermanos Johannes y Karl Zukertort, generales.**



Helmut Wilberg



Paul Ascher

Por supuesto, el número de oficiales y suboficiales fue mucho mayor e incluyó al futuro canciller alemán **Helmut Schmidt, que era un cuarto de judío y que llegó al grado de teniente de primera clase.** La situación reviste un carácter aún más llamativo si se tiene en cuenta que en virtud de una **orden de 8 de abril de 1940 se eximió de servir en el Ejército a todos los medio-judíos** y que **muchos de ellos se entregaron a un largo proceso para conseguir su readmisión en las unidades de combate.** No sólo lo consiguieron, sino que **obtuvieron numerosas condecoraciones militares por su valentía en el campo de batalla**, como el **teniente judío Paul-Ludwig Hirschfeld** condecorado con la medalla por heridas de guerra y la cruz de servicio militar con espadas, al **capitán judío Edgar Jacoby**, que recibió tres condecoraciones incluida la medalla por heridas de guerra; al **medio judío Ernst Bloch**, con cinco medallas incluida la cruz de hierro de primera clase; al **Fedlwebel medio judío Wilhelm von Helmolt**, con cuatro condecoraciones incluida la de heridas de guerra; al **general medio judío Werner Maltzahn**, con cuatro medallas incluida la cruz de servicios de guerra de segunda clase.



Anton Mayer

No pocos de ellos recibieron por añadidura certificados de sangre alemana limpia firmados por el propio Hitler. Por ejemplo, el mismísimo medio judío Werner Goldberg, que era Gefreiter, fue presentado en una fotografía de propaganda del Tercer Reich como “El soldado alemán ideal” y posteriormente su cara fue usada en carteles de reclutamiento de los Ejércitos Nacionalsocialistas. Tampoco faltaron los casos de judíos a los que se otorgó la plena ciudadanía Aria por su cercanía con algún soldado alemán. Seguramente, el caso más conocido, aunque no el único, fue el del general y defensor de Berlín Gotthard Heinrici, que estaba casado con una medio judía. Legalmente, debería haberse divorciado pero logró para su esposa e hijos un certificado de sangre alemana limpia firmado por Hitler. Cabe mencionar que cuando Hitler invadió la URSS, en muchas aldeas y ciudades las poblaciones judías salieron a recibir a los alemanes como libertadores.



Werner Goldberg



Emil Maurice, Chófer personal de Adolf Hitler

Me gustaría terminar este articulo con una porción de la historia, que permite ver sin lugar a dudas, que **a estos 150.000 judios no se les acepto en la comunidad alemana solo para ser usados como carne de cañón.**

Hitler adoraba a los niños y le gustaba tomarse fotos con ellos. Siempre que estaba de buen humor, hacia salir a los niños de la multitud que le aclamaba y les obsequiaba con pasteles. Su fotógrafo publicó un libro llamado “Hitler entre los niños”. De entre todos esos muchos niños, una niña llamó la atención del Führer dentro de la multitud al enterarse que cumplía años la misma fecha que el, es decir, el 20 de Abril.

La niña se llamaba Berneli Nienau y Hitler pidió permiso a su madre para que la volviese a llevarla a Berghof (residencia gubernamental de Adolf Hitler en Obersalzberg) alguna vez. La pequeña se convirtió en la preferida de Hitler. tanto que la llamo “su pequeño amor”. Hoffmann les fotografió a menudo. Las fotografías son ciertamente encantadoras. En ellas se ve a un Hitler entusiasmado con la pequeña, en los jardines y la pequeña también parece disfrutar en compañía del poderoso líder.



Adolf Hitler con Bernile Nienau

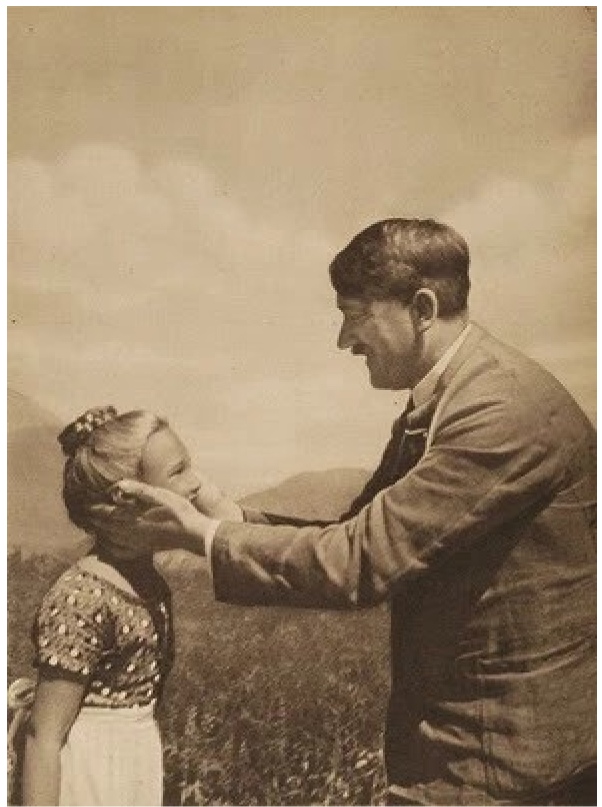
¿Fin de la historia?, claro que no…

Hitler, **en 1934 se entero de que los abuelos paternos de la niña eran judíos**, los registros indican que a pesar de que **Hitler era consciente de su ascendencia**, continuó permitiendo a la niña y a su madre visitarlo hasta finales de 1938. Al Führer le apenó mucho no poder disfrutar de sus inocentes placeres. Finalmente Berneli y su madre visitaron a Hitler desde 1932 a 1938.

En las fotografías de abajo, Hitler junto a la pequeña Berneli.
Estas fotografías fueron tomadas por el fotografo personal de Hitler, Heinrich Hoffmann.









Hitler Rebuilds Jewish Synagogue His Bombers Wrecked

DUBLIN, Aug. 10 (AP) — Hitler, believe it or not, has rebuilt a synagogue his bombers almost destroyed. At least money from the German legation here, on Hitler's orders, is being paid to the Jewish community whose synagogue was damaged by German bombs two years ago.

The bombing resulted in a strong protest by Prime Minister De Valera. Hitler sent a personal apology to the Eire government and ordered the Jewish community reimbursed.

¿? - August 10, 1943

HITLER REBUILDS DUBLIN SYNAGOGUE

Hitler has been compelled to rebuild a synagogue in Dublin, and Eire wits speak of it as "Hitler's synagogue." One night Nazi airmen dropped bombs on Dublin. Many casualties resulted, and one of the buildings destroyed was the synagogue. The chief rabbi of Eire and the heads of the old-established Jewish community there at once protested to the Eire authorities. Prime Minister de Valera backed them with an indignant protest, in which he pointed to Germany that the whole affair was seriously damaging good relations between the two countries. At that time the Nazis were so anxious not to overturn Eire neutrality that the German legation in Dublin urged Berlin to make amends. Hitler sent a personal apology and paid for restoring the synagogue.

The Canberra Times – December 22, 1943

"Hitler ha sido forzado a reconstruir una sinagoga en Dublín, e Irlanda ha bromeado hablando de esta como 'la sinagoga de Hitler.'

Una noche los aviadores Nazis dejaron caer bombas sobre Dublín. Muchas casualidades ocurrieron, y uno de los edificios destruidos era la sinagoga. El Gran Rabino de Irlanda y los jefes de la antigua comunidad judía allí establecida protestaron inmediatamente a las autoridades de Irlanda. El Primer ministro de Valera los apoyó con una queja de indignación, en la cual él indicó a Alemania que el asunto entero era seriamente dañante para las relaciones entre los dos países. En aquél tiempo los Nazis estaban tan preocupados de no anular la neutralidad de Irlanda que la delegación alemana en Dublín impulsó a Berlín a reparar el daño causado. Hitler envió una disculpa personal y pagó por el restauramiento de la sinagoga."

ROLL OF HONOUR

PETERSON.—Eric A., Sergeant-Pilot R.A.A.F., killed during air operations in Malaya on December 22, 1941. Affectionately remembered by his parents and brothers.

RETURN THANKS

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Gordon, Campbell Street, Ainslie, wish to thank all kind friends for their expressions of sympathy in their recent bereavement, especially thanking Monsignor Hayden. Will all please accept this as a personal acknowledgement.

CARRAHER. — I sincerely wish to thank the doctors, matron, sisters and nursing staff of Community Hospital for their kind treatment and attention to me during my illness and I wish all a merry Christmas.

The Canberra Times

AUSTRALIA'S FIRST NATIONAL NEWSPAPER.

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All copy for advertisements must be plainly written in ink. Special care is requested to be taken in proper names and figures. Advertisements not conforming to this rule may be held over.

NEWS IN BRIEF

MR. ALEXANDER COWAN DIES
LONDON, Monday.—The death has occurred of Mr. Alexander Cowan, aged 80, chairman of Alexander Cowan and Sons, paper makers, of Edinburgh and Australia.

TEST WICKET GUARDIAN DEAD
LONDON, Tuesday.—The death is announced of Harry White, aged 74, who for 26 years was the head groundsman at Lords. Between 1910 and 1936, White prepared many Test wickets and performed with distinction the difficult task, as the M.C.C. did not permit over-preparing of pitches.

WAR CORRESPONDENT DEAD
SYDNEY, Tuesday.—The death occurred to-day of Frank A. Symes, aged 48, a war correspondent and prominent Sydney journalist. The deceased was born in England but went to New Zealand early in life. He served with the N.Z. forces at Gallipoli and France. He joined the Sydney "Sun" in 1935.

LOWER ELECTRICITY CHARGES
SYDNEY, Tuesday.—The reduction from 5d. to 4½d. in the charge for primary electricity units to householders will operate from January 18. The reduction will save householders about £70,000 during 1944.

WOMEN CONDUCTORS FOR SYDNEY BUSES
SYDNEY, Tuesday.—The male wage of £5/11/ a week for a 44-hour week will be paid to 300 women who are being sought as bus conductors in Sydney.
The Deputy Director of Manpower (Mr. Bellemore) said to-night that women aged 21 to 40 who were medically fit were wanted.

WANTS B.H.P. TO PAY FOR LOST TIME
SYDNEY, Tuesday.—An application will be made by the Federated Ironworkers' Union to the Industrial Commission after Christmas for an order to compel the B.H. Proprietary Co. Ltd. to pay employees for the time lost through the stoppage which commenced last Wednesday.

15-YEAR POST-WAR PLAN
SYDNEY, Tuesday.—A 15-year plan of water and sewerage works is being prepared by the Soil and Water Conservation Commission as a basis for post-war development, said the Minister for Agriculture (Mr. Dunn) to-day.

LONDON CHAFES AT DELAY IN COMMAND

NEW YORK, Tuesday.
Considerable concern has been aroused in London through the failure to announce the name of the Commander-in-Chief of the European invasion force, states Drew Middleton, "New York Times" correspondent in London.
The British have never protested against the selection of an American as Commander-in-Chief, he states, but the delay is naturally harassing American and British soldiers, who are already knee-deep in the biggest military organisation of the war.

HOLIDAY PUBLISHING ARRANGEMENTS

Following established custom, "The Canberra Times" will be issued on Christmas morning but there will be no publication on Boxing Day, Monday, December 27.

Otherwise, there will be no departure from publication days during the holiday period.

Overseas news in "The Canberra Times" is supplied by Australian Associated Press. Sources include in England "The Times," "Daily Telegraph," "Daily Mail," "Daily Herald," "Daily Express," "Manchester Guardian," Reuters Service, Associated Press of Great Britain, British United Press and Exchange Telegraph Agency; and in America "The New York Times," "Herald Tribune," Associated Press, United Press Associations and the North American Newspaper Alliance. Matter from "The Times," London, does not express that newspaper's view unless so stated.

"For the cause that lacks assistance,
'Gainst the wrongs that need resistance,
For the future in the distance,
And the good that we can do."

The Canberra Times

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1943

TURKEY AND THE WAR.

AMONG the uncertainties left for future clarification by the Cairo conferences is the future course to be pursued by Turkey in the war. From Turkish sources since the meeting of Turkish leaders with Allied chiefs at Cairo, has come a statement that Turkey is not neutral in the present conflict. Exactly what this means was not made quite clear, but Turkey is certainly not yet a belligerent. Nevertheless, the Turkish attitude is not unhelpful to the Allies, particularly since the German spell over Turkey has been broken, and Turkey has resisted and overcome the net of commercial entanglement leading to political involvement which spelt the ruin of most of the Balkan States.

Turkey had one disastrous experience of war when as an ally of Germany she was part of the Alliance Powers led by Germany in 1914. From that war, Turkey emerged minus much of her former territory but there has been no parallel between the political outlook of Germany and Turkey in regard to war. While Germany nursed her wrath against the day when her chance of war would come again, Turkey pursued a strong peaceful course aimed at economic and national security. That gained, Turkish policy has aimed at avoiding a false step that might endanger the gains of peace. Nevertheless, the foreign policy of Turkey has been aimed towards being friendly to her neighbours and to Britain and Russia. Russia was the first country to recognise the Attaturk regime in Turkey and to sign a treaty of friendship. With her neighbours, Iran, Iraq and Afghanistan, Turkey signed another treaty of friendship. Meanwhile, German trade tentacles were stretching out and when the war came in 1939, Turkish trade was 60 per cent. with Germany. In the face of this, a treaty of mutual assistance was signed with Britain and France within a couple of months of the outbreak of war. Since one of the provisions of this treaty was that Turkey would take no step that would involve her being at war with Russia, and Russia was at that time the ostensible ally of Germany, it was by no means a hopeful prospect that Turkey would be found an active belligerent on the Allied side. But while the Allies assisted Turkey to break her trade bondage to Germany, the fall of France dealt a heavy blow at the whole basis of the tripartite agreement between Britain, France and Turkey. When Germany invaded Russia, however, the course of Turkey became clearer. She could never become the active ally of Germany because of Russia, and she was bound by self-interest as well as treaty obligation to Britain. The Syrian campaign and the whole course of the war in the Mediterranean have served to strengthen Turkey's position without her being involved in actual war, and to-day her position must be fairly satisfactory to Turkish statesmen who have steered clear of participation.

The Cairo talks marked the second meeting this year between British and Turkish leaders. An earlier meeting between Mr. Churchill and Mr. Inonu at Adana concerned Turkish security, for an attack by Germany against Turkey and any weakness there would have constituted an additional threat to British security in the Mediterranean. On the other hand, the statement has been made definitely that at the Adana meeting, Mr. Churchill did not ask that Turkey should enter the war and no commitment to that end was made by Turkey. In the last two years, however, lend-lease supplies have been entering Turkey and there is an exchange to-day between Turkey and the Allies of raw materials which possess a high value on both sides in war. What the future holds is wrapped up in the precise plans laid at the most recent meetings. Turkey is surrounded by six near neighbours. War means for her, involvement with at least one of them and there have been suggestions that this may worry some of Turkey's neighbours more than it gives rise to Turkish fears.

MR. CHURCHILL IMPROVING

LONDON, Tuesday.
A bulletin issued this morning from No. 10 Downing Street, states, "The Prime Minister's condition is improving and the condition of his circulation is more satisfactory."
The "Daily Express" says that Mr. Churchill has urgently demanded copies of British newspapers to be sent to his sick room. The papers will be flown to him daily.

MESSAGE TO MR. CHURCHILL

The Prime Minister (Mr. Curtin) has sent a cable to Mr. Churchill expressing the hope that he recovers soon from his illness.
Mr. Curtin's cable said, "With feeling of highest regard, my colleagues and I express to you our deepest sorrow and concern that in the midst of your great work, you should have become ill. I know that all Australians will hope and pray for your well-being and a quick recovery."

AIRMEN RESCUED BY SUBMARINE

Sequel To Attack On U-Boat

SYDNEY, Tuesday.
The exploits of two Victorian airmen in an attack on a U-boat in the Mediterranean before their plane was shot down by anti-aircraft fire and they were rescued by a British submarine, were detailed to-day by the Minister for Air (Mr. Drakeford).
Mr. Drakeford said that while leading his formation in an attack on U-boats in the Eastern Mediterranean, Pilot Officer Keith E. Hopkins, of Mentone, who has been awarded the D.F.C., and his navigator, Keith Roget, of Melbourne, shot down an Italian aircraft and his own machine was holed by flack. He, with Roget, had floated for several hours in their dinghy when a British submarine took them abroad. Mr. Drakeford said Hopkin's citation showed that he was a keen, determined pilot whose fine fighting spirit had been evident throughout. On one occasion he took part in an attack on shipping in Varox Harbour. In the face of fierce anti-aircraft fire he pressed home the attack with great vigour and two vessels were set on fire.

WAR CASUALTIES CONCEALED FROM JAPANESE PEOPLE

Charles Foster of San Francisco, recent repatriate to San Francisco from Manila where he managed the Philippines Red Cross for 20 years, says that Japan's militarists are taking extreme pains to conceal the extent of their war casualties, by keeping their wounded in occupied territories instead of returning them to Japan. He said that wounded servicemen hospitalised in Manila "aren't allowed on the streets, and were kept from the sight of the Filipinos as well as the Japanese at home."
United States observers recalled the Japanese Government announcement in June which gave evidence that the Japanese people were disturbed by the war casualties. Jap Army and Navy authorities advised members of families of soldiers and sailors going to active fronts that they "shouldn't place too much hope of their returning alive."
Observers said some of the major losses which have been concealed from the Japanese include 15,000 casualties in New Guinea, 40,000 to 50,000 on Guadalcanal, and almost 5,000 at Midway.
Observers said that numerous reports from Chinese and other Allied sources stated that the wounded Japanese were being hospitalised in South China and even in Formosa and Korea, which are farther from the war areas than the Japanese home islands.

R.A.A.F. PILOTS IN ITALY

SYDNEY, Tuesday.
Australian personnel were included in a famous R.A.F. squadron in an air transport group now based in Italy after following the Eighth Army through Libya, Tripolitania, Tunisia, and Sicily. A despatch received today by the Minister for Air (Mr. Drakeford) states that on some occasions the pilots of this squadron have landed their aerial cargo ships on an airfield a few hours after the latter had been captured and, on one occasion, some of them carried supplies to aircraft operating from a landing ground behind the enemy's lines.

CHRISTMAS BROADCASTS

Australian and Overseas

Numerous Christmas broadcasts arranged locally and received from overseas are announced by the A.B.C.
The scope of the B.B.C.'s main Christmas broadcast, usually confined to the Empire, will be enlarged this year to take in Allied Nations. It is called "World Round-up" and the main theme is "Frontiers of Allied Advance." As usual, Australia will participate; possibly her contribution will come from a section of her forces in a forward fighting area. King George VI. will speak toward the end of this broadcast.
All national stations will remain open after midnight on Christmas night to transmit "World Round-up" at 12.10 a.m. The King's speech will be repeated on Sunday, December 26, at 8 a.m. on national relay. "World Round-up" will be broadcast again in its entirety on Sunday, December 26, 2-315 p.m. (nat.).

HIGHER STATUS OF CANADIAN LEGATIONS

Following the raising of the Canadian Legation in Washington to Embassy status, the High Commissioner for Canada (Mr. Justice T. C. Davis) announced yesterday that the Canadian Legations in China, Russia and Brazil also had been raised to Embassy status. The Belgian Legation in Ottawa has been raised to Embassy status but no immediate change in Canada's diplomatic representation to the exiled Belgian Government is intended. Turkey and Sweden recently appointed Ministers to Canada.

RADIO DENIES BAD EFFECT ON EDUCATION

SYDNEY, Tuesday.
Replying to a statement by the Minister of Education (Mr. Evatt) that the radio was a bad influence on the cultural outlook of school children, the general manager of the A.B.C. (Mr. Moses) said that stations under his control would sacrifice popularity, if necessary, for education. The managers of commercial stations also denied the allegations made by the Minister.

TOWNSVILLE THREAT OF DIRECT ACTION

Unless Food "Injustice" Stopped

TOWNSVILLE, Tuesday.
Drastic action was urged at a public meeting at the Town Hall which agreed that unless immediate and permanent relief was ordered in the food situation, Townsville would act until its demands were met.

The Deputy Mayor (Ald. Aiken) said the people must not be deluded into believing there was a scarcity of foodstuffs.
The meeting carried a resolution that failing a satisfactory result from the agitation, "we will go ahead and give effect to the decision of the Trades and Labour Council immediately to organise a one-day strike in the Townsville area merely as a first step, and that a one-day strike if necessary will be repeated periodically until finally a complete stoppage of work will operate in the Townsville area until justice is assured for Townsville civilian population."
The Mayor of Townsville (Ald. Gill) said that he had been informed to-day by the Commanding Officer of the United States forces that instructions had been received that all commercial refrigerators in Townsville were to be put in working order, and furthermore that six tons of ice for the United States Army services should be diverted to the civilian population.
Replying to Mr. Dedman, the Deputy Mayor (Ald. Aiken) said today that perhaps Mr. Dedman could explain why delivery had been made to the A.W.C. stores at Townsville that day of large quantities of tinned lobster, crab, and fish paste, which were articles that the people of Townsville had not seen for 18 months.

MR. DEDMAN PROMISES RELIEF

The Minister for War Organisation of Industry (Mr. Dedman) last night promised relief to the people of Townsville from their most pressing food difficulties.
This assurance applied particularly to ice, bread, milk, grocery and household supplies.
Mr. Dedman said the effects of war conditions were, in some respects causing greater inconvenience in Queensland than in other States. Conditions in Queensland were due entirely to the movement of troops and war supplies which imposed a heavy strain on available transport.
He intended to take all possible steps to overcome shortages which might be due to lack of proper distribution of available supplies.
The Commonwealth Food Controller (Mr. Murphy), added Mr. Dedman, was making a personal investigation at Townsville, where it was apparent that residents were suffering a good deal of hardship because of local difficulties in obtaining some essential supplies.

WHY MELBOURNE GETS BACON

SYDNEY, Tuesday.
Because equipment had not yet been completed in Victoria for curing bacon and ham for the tropics, bacon is plentiful in Melbourne, said the Commonwealth Meat Controller (Mr. Tonkin) to-day. He said production would begin in Melbourne shortly and this would relieve the shortage of bacon in N.S.W. and Queensland.

NO REDUCTION OF BUTTER RATION

A rumour of a further cut in the butter ration was denied by the Minister for Customs (Senator Keane) last night.
"No consideration has been given to such a proposal," he said.

CAMP FOLLOWER INFLUX INTO TOWNSVILLE

TOWNSVILLE, Tuesday.
Expressing resentment at the influx of women camp followers from southern areas, the Deputy Mayor (Ald. Aikens) said to-day that the city was full of young girls, touts and gamblers who had followed the troops north for easy gain.
The female camp followers, who seemed to have no difficulty in getting travel permits, arrived daily by train and plane and seriously competed with housewives on the food front. Some had rented flats and many troops were associating with them. Sooner or later, said Ald. Aitken, the Government would have to face up to its responsibility regarding these women.

INTEREST PENALTY LIFTED FROM PAY

The Minister for Labour (Mr. Holloway), by regulation, last night repealed the provision which required employers to pay interest at the rate of 10 per cent on moneys due under any decision of the Women's Employment Board and unpaid after a certain period.
Mr. Holloway said that this provision no longer served any useful purpose, since the committees of reference, which were provided for in the regulations were able to deal with any questions as to whether or not a woman employee was entitled to Women's Employment Board rates, and if a committee determined that those rates did apply to her, they might be recovered immediately from the employer.

MR. CURTIN ORDERS SEAMEN TO MAN SHIPS

The Prime Minister (Mr. Curtin) acting under National Security Regulations last night, ordered back to their ships all seamen who, because of a dispute at an Australian port, had held up the sailing of a number of vessels.

The order was also directed against the general secretary of the Seamen's Union of Australia (Mr. E. V. Elliott) and the secretary of the Melbourne branch of the Seamen's Union (Mr. W. Bird).
Seamen must go back to their ships and perform their duties in accordance with practice prevailing immediately before they left the vessels.

Extension to Sydney

SYDNEY, Tuesday.
Extension of the Melbourne shipping strike to Sydney resulted in a number of ships being held up here to-day.
In addition to supplies urgently needed for civilian requirements, the cargoes affected include coke for war industries and stores for the services.

GREATER COAL NEEDS SEEN IN 1944

SYDNEY, Tuesday.
While expressing satisfaction at the improvement in coal production during recent weeks, the Commonwealth Coal Commissioner (Mr. Mighell) today warned industry that 1944 would bring even greater demands, as it was evident that Australia would be called upon to provide even greater quantities of coal for use in operations directly associated with the South-West Pacific war.
Mr. Mighell announced that all mines would close on Christmas Eve and re-open on January 3.

COAL SHORTAGE SERIOUS IN VICTORIA

SYDNEY, Tuesday.
The Melbourne coal shortage which has followed the strike of seamen at three Australian ports, is so serious that, in Victoria, some industries may have to close.
The general secretary of the Miners' Federation (Mr. Grant) said to-day that Victoria's plight arising from the coal shortage in that State emphasised the need for the unification of railway gauges.
The Coal Commissioner (Mr. Mighell) said to-night that quantities of New South Wales large coal will be sent by rail to Victoria this week in an effort to alleviate the coal shortage. Steps had been taken to ensure that the coal would be used for gas production and the railways.
He said that there was a considerable tonnage of coal in New South Wales ports awaiting transport to other States.

ONE COLLIERY IDLE

SYDNEY, Tuesday.
As the Commonwealth Coal Commission has given permission for the close-down to carry out repairs, only one colliery was idle in N.S.W. fields to-day. It is Millfield, and as a result of the stoppage, 600 tons of coal were lost.

U.S. AND CHINESE ENGINEERS BUILD NEW BURMA ROAD

A Chinese-American air base near the Indo-Burma border:
United Press correspondent Walter L. Briggs reports that American and Chinese engineers are working speedily and efficiently across some of the world's worst terrain in an effort to complete China's new lifeline, the so called Tokyo Road, before the onset of the monsoon season in April.
Briggs toured by air the partially completed land route which is planned to extend from India south-east to China.
He said the road will extend from Ledo in north-eastern India across the Naga Hills to connect eventually with the famous old Burma Road. It will carry vital supplies to the Chinese army and industry.
It will strengthen China for a continental military drive to push Japanese invaders off the Chinese mainland.
"The young Chinese and American engineers who have been fighting Nature for almost a year with bulldozers and shovels, work in three eight-hour shifts daily," Briggs writes. "A tropical dry season favours them now and the work goes swiftly. Until the monsoon begins again they don't have to buck driving rains and oozing mud.
"I cannot reveal the speed of progress nor the road's present length, but you know how fast the Alaskan highway was built . . . ."

HITLER REBUILDS DUBLIN SYNAGOGUE

Hitler has been compelled to rebuild a synagogue in Dublin, and Eire wits speak of it as "Hitler's synagogue." One night Nazi airmen dropped bombs on Dublin. Many casualties resulted, and one of the buildings destroyed was the synagogue. The chief rabbi of Eire and the heads of the old-established Jewish community there at once protested to the Eire authorities. Prime Minister de Valera backed them with an indignant protest, in which he pointed to Germany that the whole affair was seriously damaging good relations between the two countries. At that time the Nazis were so anxious not to overturn Eire neutrality that the German legation in Dublin urged Berlin to make amends. Hitler sent a personal apology and paid for restoring the synagogue.

POSTAL RECORDS FOR CHRISTMAS

SYDNEY, Tuesday.
An all time record volume of mail handled through the State during the Christmas period is anticipated by the Postmaster-General's Department.
Telegraphic business is also exceptionally heavy and trunk line exchange business heavier than last year.

A.A. Command's Toll of German Planes Over Britain

LONDON, Monday.
Anti-aircraft gunners and searchlights manned by A.A. Command troops in Britain, brought down 93 German raiders during 1943.
Another 59 have been logged as probably destroyed and many more so badly damaged by A.A. fire that they probably never returned to their base. Every type of anti-aircraft weapon has been in action against the Luftwaffe, from the newest heavy guns to a light single machine-gun. Mixed batteries of light A.A. gunners on the coast, searchlight troops and Home Guards all scored or shared in the awards after engagements with their own weapons. Searchlight successes were outstanding.
The co-operation between searchlights and heavy A.A. batteries was often so effective in some raids that the guns were engaging enemy aircraft just as if they had been firing in daylight. In several instances, German pilots were so harassed by the blinding glare of the beams that they made attacks on projectors with bombs and machine-gun fire in attempts to put them out of action. On three occasions during the summer in the Humber area and on the East Anglian and south coast, raiders which made these attacks were destroyed. Two were brought down by dazzle from the dispersed beams and a third sent crashing into the sea by fire from searchlight sites Lewis guns.
New enemy raiding tactics developed early in the year. Sneak raiding Fockewulfes wave-hopping across the Channel and the North Sea to surprise seaside towns were a daytime menace which called for improved warning devices and fresh dispositions of guns. From May to August, Brighton, Hastings, Eastbourne, Bournemouth, Yarmouth and other popular coastal areas were echoing almost daily with the crack-fire of Bofors guns on the sea front, on tall buildings, and on flak towers along the promenades. These fast fighter-bombers appeared in a flash from the sea mist, dropped single bombs and were away at top speed. Six seconds was the average time for a Bofors engagement and at first the gunners were shaken by the new technique. Batteries were changed and gunners given physical training to fit them for split second reactions. Scores of gunners were sent to a dive bombing school on the Yorkshire moors. New devices were installed. By the first week in May, gunners were getting their own back.
One day, of a small force of Fockewulfs, they shot down four for certain. In seven days in June, twelve sneak raiders were destroyed by anti-aircraft fire—five being shot down in one minute by Bofors guns at Torquay. Altogether, 45 sneak-raiders were destroyed in the fringe target attacks alone in the first half of the year. This type of raid died out on June 8. No attempt was made by these fighter-bombers to reach London and for a long period no raiders appeared overland.
Later, Fockewulfs and other fast light bombers were sent over on nuisance raids on the capital. A remarkable feat of heavy A.A. gunnery was the destruction on August 16 of one of the Luftwaffe's latest and fastest spy planes, Messerschmitt 109G, flying nearly seven miles high over Portsmouth. Mixed batteries of 3.7 and 4.5 guns shot down the plane which was cruising for photographic reconnaissance of the area raided the previous night.
The other unusual visitors which fell to gunners were ME410, the Germans' answer to the Mosquito; Dornier 217M, the first to be destroyed over Britain; JU188, the latest of the Junkers family; and Heinkel 111, which had not been seen operationally over England since the early days of the blitz.

FOOD RELIEF PLANS FOR EUROPEAN ZONE

WASHINGTON, Monday.
The Senate Foreign Relations Committee has unanimously approved of a resolution urging the United States to work out, in co-operation with Britain, Sweden and Switzerland, a system of moving food supplies to the people of occupied European countries.
Senator Gillette (Democrat) said that Senate action will be taken tomorrow. He added that, on approval of Senate, he would notify the State Department that Senate believes that immediate steps should be taken to provide food relief for Belgium, Norway, Poland, Netherlands, Greece, Yugoslavia and Czechoslovakia.

FOOD RELIEF FOR INDIA

CALCUTTA, Tuesday.
"The Central Government had a food policy for all India and it will take drastic action if necessary to enforce it," declared the Viceroy (General Sir Archibald Wavell).
He said that it was our duty not only to lessen the present suffering in Bengal, but to take steps to see that it did not occur again. The main remedy is, firstly, to restore confidence and to deal sternly with hoarders and speculators, and secondly, to arrange for distribution of available food at equitable prices. The solution of the Bengal food problem was now in the hands of the Bengali.

WOMEN GO TO W.A.A.F. FROM MUNITIONS

SYDNEY, Tuesday.
The contraction of the munitions programmes in several country centres is resulting in an increased flow of recruits to the Women's Australian Auxiliary Air Force. The chairman of the R.A.A.F. Recruiting Committee (Sir Donald Cameron) said to-day that a large number of applications had been received from these women who were keen to continue doing a war job. Instead of going into less essential occupations, they were enlisting in the W.A.A.F.

Hitler Rebuilds Dublin Synagogue

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The Advocate – December 28, 1943



The Advocate

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Registered at the General Post Office, Hobart for transmission by post as a Newspaper

Tuesday, December 28, 1943

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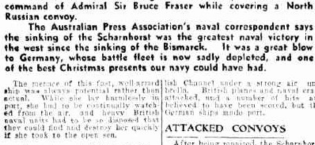
SCHARNHORST SUNK BY HOME FLEET

Another Great Blow to Germany

LONDON, MONDAY.—THE ADMIRALTY ANNOUNCED TO-DAY THAT THE GERMAN BATTLESHIP SCHARNHORST, OF 26,000 TONS, WAS SUNK BY UNITS OF THE HOME FLEET YESTERDAY AFTERNOON OFF NORTH CAPE (NORWAY).

The Scharnhorst was brought into action by units under the command of Admiral Sir Bruce Fraser while covering a North Russian convoy.

The Australian Press Association's naval correspondent says the sinking of the Scharnhorst was the greatest naval victory in the west since the sinking of the Bismarck. It was a great blow to Germany, whose battle fleet is now sadly depleted, and one of the best Christmas presents our navy could have had.



The menace of this fast, well-armed ship was always potential rather than actual. While she lay harmlessly in port, she had to be continually watched from the air, and heavy British naval units had to be so disposed that they could find and destroy her quickly if she took to the open sea.

It may be an indication of the desperate importance the Germans attach to stopping supplies to Russia that they risked one of their most important ships in the attempt.

A British battleship of the King George the Fifth class was probably engaged in the battle.

The Scharnhorst, which was the first great battleship built for the German Navy since 1918, and a sister ship of the Gneisenau, has been engaged several times by British ships, but has escaped by her superior speed. She was damaged in action by H.M.S. Renown on April 9, when a column of smoke was seen rising as she escaped.

The Scharnhorst and Gneisenau two months later sank the British aircraft carrier Glorious and two British destroyers.

Fleet Air Arm planes attacked the Scharnhorst the same month at Trondheim, when she was directly hit.

A British submarine sighted the Scharnhorst after leaving Trondheim, apparently for further repairs. She was hit by one torpedo.

Torpedo-carrying planes later the same day carried out an attack, and R.A.F. bombers also attacked.

Naval units made a high-speed attempt at interception, but failed to make contact owing to poor visibility. R.A.F. bombers heavily bombed the Scharnhorst in July, 1940, in the Kiel harbor, where she was undergoing repairs.

With the Gneisenau, she was at large in the Atlantic for some weeks early in 1941. The German High Command claimed that they damaged in the course of a few weeks 22 British ships.

Both ships put into Brest in March, 1941, and the R.A.F. attacked 112 times. The Scharnhorst, Gneisenau and Prinz Eugen dashed out into the English Channel under a strong air umbrella. British planes and naval craft attacked, and a number of hits are believed to have been scored, but the German ships made port.

ATTACKED CONVOYS

After being repaired, the Scharnhorst put to sea, but never ventured far. She took refuge in Norwegian fiords, and sometimes attacked British convoys en route to Russia.

The Australian Press Association recalls that an Allied fleet in May 1943, under Admiral Fraser, cruised between Bear Island and northern Norway, where the Scharnhorst was lying, and tried to tempt the Scharnhorst to sea. An Allied force which was described as very strong assembled after the operations against the Bismarck. Scharnhorst and Tirpitz, which also were in hiding, and remained in a Norwegian fiord.

The German Newsagency says a formation of German naval units yesterday attacked an Allied Russia-bound convoy. The Scharnhorst, in an engagement against superior heavy British forces, fired until the last round was spent, and sank after an heroic battle. The engagement lasted for a considerable time. Damage was inflicted upon the convoy, and the British escort vessels.

SERIOUS LOSS TO NAZIS

CANBERRA, Monday.—The Minister for the Navy (Mr. Makin) said today the sinking of the Scharnhorst meant a serious loss to the ever-diminishing sea power of the Germans, and was further conclusive proof of the ascendancy of Allied sea power.

The Royal Australian Navy saluted members of the great sister service, the Royal Navy, on their notable achievement.

Mr. Makin added that for many months the Scharnhorst, which was one of the most powerful units of the German Navy, had been a fugitive from the growing sea and air power of the Allies. Its presence in Norwegian waters was always a potential menace to ships in North Atlantic waters.



The German battleship Scharnhorst which was sunk by the Royal Navy off the north coast of Norway. Locality indicated by X in inset map of Norway.

RUSSIAN ARMIES AGAIN ADVANCING TOWARD JITOMIR

Break-through on Wide Front West of Kiev

LONDON, Monday.—The Russians are now advancing toward Jitomir after their new deep break-through on a wide front west of Kiev

The new advance is going on over territory wrested from Germany in the bitter autumn battles and then regained by the enemy in a massive counter-offensive which petered out two weeks ago. The Russian vanguards are now within 27 miles of Jitomir.

The Paris Radio says a tank battle of the most mobile character is raging north-east of Jitomir. General Vatutin, after regrouping his divisions, has flung a powerful offensive striking force numerically superior to the German armies into the battle on the Kiev sector.

The Paris radio adds: "Both sides are hurriedly bringing up more motorised units to tip the balance of this vital battle.

The Russians are now attacking Vitebsk from four sides, and the German Command is pouring reinforcements into this sector to seal off local breaches driven into the German lines.

The German radio says: "The Soviet winter offensive has now spread to further sectors. Apart from the Jitomir and Vitebsk areas, the enemy has renewed his break-through attempts in the Dnieper Bend and north-west of Cherkov."

A GREAT BATTLE.

The final stages of the great battle for the Germans' vital White Russian base of Vitebsk is now being fought out across deep snowdrifts and frozen lakes north of the town, says the British United Press representative at Moscow. The Red Army is already fighting at the approaches to Vitebsk from the east, north and west. The Russians are now astride the Vitebsk-Polotsk highway at two points.

The Russians, in liberating hundreds of villages in their drive to Vitebsk, had to participate in some of the bloodiest close-range fighting of the whole campaign. The Germans mounted machine-guns on rooftops and balconies, and even in church belfries.

The Russians as they passed on left piles of German dead in the snow in the village streets. Whole units of demoralised, frostbitten Germans are surrendering in White Russia.

The German Newsagency admits that the German line south-east of Jitomir has been withdrawn at several points under Russian pressure.

The midnight Russian communique stated that troops of the first Ukrainian front, under General Vatutin, had launched a new offensive south of Radomysl, and penetrated the enemy's line on a 50-mile front to a depth of 25 miles. The Russians, in a three-day offensive, liberated over 150 inhabited places, including Radomysl, Brusilov and two other military centres in the Jitomir area. In the course of the offensive, four German tank divisions, including S.S. Reich Division and six infantry divisions, were routed, and 150 tanks and 50 mobile guns destroyed. Also 15,000 German dead were left on the battlefield.

60 PLACES CAPTURED.

The Red Army in the Vitebsk sector captured 60 inhabited places, including Churova, 8 miles to the east of Vitebsk. There were reconnaissance and artillery exchanges on other sectors. Thirty-eight tanks were destroyed yesterday.

The Red Army, in the course of its Jitomir offensive, also destroyed 52 armored cars and 109 guns and captured 58 tanks, 21 mobile guns, 27 armored cars, 56 guns, 157 mortars, 760 machine-guns, over 3000 rifles and 15 supply dumps.

The Moscow radio says Russian guerillas during the Germans' 26 months' occupation of the Crimea have killed nearly 19,000 Germans, destroyed 64 military trains and 38 bridges. Picked German Alpine divisions are combing the woods and mountains in an effort to curb the guerillas.

FORTHCOMING OFFENSIVE.

The Soviet press gave great prominence to President Roosevelt's Christmas broadcast, says Reuter's Moscow correspondent. The speech was read there with the closest attention, especially the references to the forthcoming offensive by the Western Allies, which following the appointment of General Eisenhower, further heightened the sense of eager anticipation with which everyone was awaiting the day when the blow from the west against Germany would materialise.

DUTY TO FIGHT EFFECTIVELY

LONDON, Monday. — The Archbishop of Canterbury (Dr. W. Temple), in the course of a religious service which was broadcast, said: "We almost daily hear and read of devastation caused by our bombers. We admire profoundly the courage and skill of our airmen.

"We are bound to take satisfaction in their achievements, for when it is our duty to fight it is our duty also to fight effectively."

Will Hold Statesmen Responsible For Foundations of Peace

NEW YORK, Monday.—Discussing post-war problems, the U.S. Vice-President (Mr. Wallace) declared that Americans had learned a lot in the past 25 years, and would hold statesmen accountable for definite results in laying the foundations of a long and lasting military and economic peace.

He said the United States should bear a proportionate share in post-war responsibilities with all the United Nations. "This is good business in dollars and cents, and, even more important, it is the first payment on a permanent peace insurance policy," he said.

Mr. Wallace listed the four greatest accomplishments of 1943 as the start of the enemy retreat on all fronts, the Moscow, Cairo and Teheran conferences, the American production record and the food relief conferences.

TO PLAN PUBLIC UTILITIES FOR LIBERATED AREAS

LONDON, Monday.—The Public Utilities Committee has been formed to study the re-establishment of electric, gas and water services in liberated and conquered areas, states the Ministry of Production.

The committee was formed by the Combined Production and Resources Board, and will report to the board its findings.

The Ministry of Production adds that it was agreed at the Atlantic City meeting of the U.N.R.R.A. that the requirements of liberated areas sponsored by the U.N.R.R.A. would be referred to the board for consideration in relation to other military and civilian claims for the same supplies. It will be for the combined board to make recommendations on how far requirements put forth by the U.N.R.R.A. can be met, and from what sources.

The chairman of the new committee and its American member will be Mr. J. A. Krug, a director of the Office of War Utilities. The member for Great Britain will be Sir Henry Self, for the time being. The member Canada will be Dr. T. H. Hogg, chairman of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission, Ontario.

Hitler Rebuilds Dublin Synagogue

Hitler has been compelled to rebuild a synagogue in Dublin, and Eire wits speak of it as "Hitler's synagogue." One night Nazi airmen dropped bombs on Dublin. Many casualties resulted, and one of the buildings destroyed was the synagogue.

The chief rabbi of Eire and the heads of the old-established Jewish community there at once protested to the Eire authorities. Prime Minister de Valera backed them with an indignant protest, in which he pointed out to Germany that the whole affair was seriously damaging good relations between the two countries. At that time the Nazis were so anxious not to overturn Eire neutrality that the German Legation in Dublin urged Berlin to make amends. Hitler sent a personal apology, and paid for restoring the synagogue.

LONDON, Monday.—The Christmas lull in air activity over Britain lasted throughout Saturday, when no enemy activity was reported.

GERMANS STILL HOLDING OUT AT ORTONA

FIFTH ARMY LAUNCHES NEW OFFENSIVE

LONDON, Monday.—The Algiers Radio says German shock troops are still holding the Eighth Army's push, but the Allies' growing pressure south of Ortona has enabled them to push the Germans from their main offensive positions on the coastal sector.

The Fifth Army has launched a new offensive, but details have not yet been disclosed.

It is officially reported that bitter fighting continues in Ortona. The Fifth Army has launched two local attacks, and reached one objective. The other attack is continuing.

GRIM FIGHTING.

Reuter's Algiers correspondent says grim street fighting continued all day yesterday in Ortona. The day was marked by heavy fighting all along the Italian front. The Germans in the north-western corner of Ortona are making a do-or-die stand, and are fighting back fiercely against the Eighth Army from tank emplacements, blockhouses and machine-gun nests. German snipers and grenade throwers are posted in the upper storey of every building. The Germans also have three paratroop battalions at Ortona, where they are mining buildings and blowing them up as the Allies advance. The New Zealanders, who are progressing north of Orsogna, took prisoner several German cadet officers.

The Eighth Army during the past two days has captured a ridge dominating the village of Crecchio, six miles inland from Ortona, also a ridge dominating Arielli, two miles farther inland. This means that the Eighth Army has advanced about eight miles inland half-way down the lateral road to Orsogna.

AMERICANS ATTACKING.

The Fifth Army Americans are attacking along the Mt. San Mucro ridges, and have captured the western slopes commanding San Vittore, which is now threatened from two sides. A party of British Pioneers, imbued with the festive spirit, west of Rocca, on Friday night blew up a large German ammunition dump.

It is officially disclosed that the Grenadier Guards have been operating in Italy since early in December.

The Algiers radio says the Germans at Ortona have put up very strong resistance. The remnants of two German divisions engaging the British and Canadians have been fighting without respite for four months. The Cairo radio says the New Zealanders are maintaining their pressure, and have effected additional breaches in the German defences.

HEAVY BOMBING.

Reuter's Algiers correspondent says the Germans are blowing up whole sections of the landing quays at Ortona. The battle continues in the north-western corner of the town. The Fifth Army has captured a height overlooking San Vittore. Our Flying Fortresses, in an attack upon Bolzano yesterday, hit the engine shops and the main railway bridge.

Our heavy bombers attacked the railway yards at Bolzano and the barracks and airfield at Vicenza. Our medium bombers plastered the railway yards at the main station at Pisa and the railway yards at Portanuova. Our light aircraft attacked rolling stock on the Italian east coast, and also hit a bridge at Pontecorvo. One enemy plane was destroyed and three of ours are missing.

WILL SOON DESTROY NAZI MIGHT

NEW YORK, Monday.—The U.S. Vice-President (Mr. Wallace) has forecast the destruction of Germany's war might within a few months after the cross-Channel invasion, "because such a drive will be co-ordinated with a full-scale Russian offensive and an Allied offensive from Italy."

These would quickly place the Germans in an impossible position.

FIFTH ARMY LEADER'S CHRISTMAS DAY TOUR

LONDON, Monday.—An American Associated Press correspondent on the Fifth Army front says that Major-General Clark on Christmas Day made a dawn till dusk tour of the front lines, and presented more than 100 decorations and promoted a number of men.

He toured an area of 50 square miles, wading through mud in the most forward areas where the use of a jeep was impracticable.

He personally carried greetings to American, British and French officers and men, and distributed gifts and cigarettes.

Among those promoted were two Americans of Japanese descent, both of whom he commended for outstanding battlefield leadership.

EXPECTS COLONISATION BOOM IN PACIFIC

WASHINGTON, Monday.—Mr. Hiram Bingham, a former Senator who spent many years in the Pacific, and since the war began has lectured to 75,000 American sailors concerning the Pacific, predicts that after the war there will be a colonisation boom there.

He says thousands of American soldiers and sailors are going to settle in the Pacific, especially in New Zealand, Australia, New Caledonia and Fiji.

FURTHER RAIDS ON MARSHALLS

WASHINGTON, Monday.—The Navy Department reported that Seventh Air Force Liberators attacked Wotje on Friday, starting several fires. Light bombers, escorted by Airacobras, raided Milli on Saturday. Two bombers were slightly damaged.

A Navy search Liberator of the Fleet Air Wing attacked from low altitude two small transports near Kwajalein on Saturday, probably sinking one transport.

Another Navy Liberator on a search mission near Taroa on Friday beat off 12 intercepting Zeros without receiving damage.

South Pacific Headquarters say that a U.S. cruiser-destroyer task force poured 7500 rounds of shells into the Buka-Bonis area of Northern Bougainville at dawn on Christmas Day.

Chinese Occupy Kungan

CHUNGKING, Monday.—A communique states that the Chinese completed the occupation of Kungan on Saturday, and have cleared the territory south of the city, thus restoring the Kungan area extending to the Yangtse to its previous situation.

Chinese troops are continuing mopping up operations southeast of Kungan.

LONDON, Monday.—The German Newsagency says that a Polish Jew, aged 18, who was arrested at Toulouse, carried in his trousers pocket a bomb which exploded as he entered a police station, blowing him to pieces, killing two police officers and gravely injuring a third.

WASHINGTON, Monday.—The American Red Cross is sending 500,000 lbs. of evaporated milk and 2,000,000 multivitamin tablets for victims of the Indian famine.

ALLIES' "VICTORY TEAM" APPROVED

LONDON, Monday.—The general reaction to the new military appointments for the liberation of Europe is that a "tried victory team" has been chosen. General Eisenhower and General Sir Bernard Montgomery between them took the main part in clearing the enemy out of Africa, and have now the task of clearing Europe.

The military correspondent of the "Sunday Times" says General Eisenhower has by now proved a commander of Allied armies. It is rare that a man should win the confidence, respect and affection of soldiers of different nationalities as he has done in circumstances of the greatest military and political complexity.

The correspondent adds: "In Africa he showed outstanding powers of co-ordination, tact and administrative ability. He has the gift of getting the best out of his subordinates because he is big enough to leave them to do a job he has given them in their own way. His appointment will be welcomed with satisfaction throughout Great Britain."

Several writers point out that General Montgomery is likely to have a new duel with Rommel.

POPULAR GENERAL.

The "Observer" says: "One need hardly say how extremely popular the appointment of General Montgomery will be throughout the British Army."

The "Sunday Express" says: "If ever a soldier captured the imagination and held the hearts of the people, that man is General Montgomery. Those who fight with him have in him a faith that can move mountains. He has faith himself. Under him no task will be too difficult or too high for the British armies."

The appointment of General Sir Henry Maitland-Wilson and General Alexander receive the same approbation, although some surprise has been expressed that General Alexander, whose campaign in the closing stages in Tunisia was described as "brilliant," is not commanding the Mediterranean area.

The overall comment is that the people have complete faith in the new commanders' abilities to ensure complete victory in Europe.

MADRID, Monday.—General Franco on Saturday reprieved 101 political prisoners, who were under sentence of death.

Moslems Opposed to United India

LONDON, Monday.—Reuter's New Delhi correspondent says the All-India Moslem League has established a committee of action to prepare and organise Moslems throughout India to resist the imposition of an All-India Federation, or any constitution for a united India, and prepare for "the coming struggle for pakistan."

The immediate establishment of price controls for all essential commodities is also demanded.

DESTROYED 181 NAZI PLANES LAST WEEK

LONDON, Monday. — The R.A.F. and U.S.A.A.F. in Europe and the Mediterranean in the week ended at dawn yesterday destroyed 181 German planes. The R.A.F. accounted for one over Britain, 19 over Europe, 76 in North Africa and three in the Middle East.

The U.S.A.A.F. destroyed 82 for the loss of 55.

Paralysing U.S. Steel Strike Foreshadowed

NEW YORK, Monday.—Forty thousand C.I.O. united steel workers halted work at Ohio plants on Christmas Day, possibly foreshadowing a paralysing strike involving a large part of the steel industry.

Collective bargaining contracts expired at 214 companies employing about 550,000 workers. The union wants a new contract granting a retrospective rise of 17 cents per hour over the present 78 cents. If granted, the rise would violate the War Labor Board's "little steel formula."

The New York "Herald-Tribune" points out that the steel situation is apparently more dangerous than the railway dilemma, because President Roosevelt has already arranged for the seizure of the railways and the unions have indicated that they will not strike against the Government.

MUST SETTLE DISPUTE.

President Roosevelt has sent a message to the steel workers and three major steel companies asking for uninterrupted production under the expired contracts. He promised that any new wage agreements would be retrospective.

He said the dispute must be settled under the national no-strike agreement.

Septiembre de 1944: Judíos "completos" (de sangre), siguen en el ejército "nazi".

8-B MIAMI DAILY NEWS, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1944

Jews Seized In Nazi Army Ask For Scripture First

FORT CUSTER, Mich., Sept. 25.—(AP) — A Jewish army chaplain told how Jewish members of Hitler's Wehrmacht—newly arrived at Fort Custer prisoner of war camp from the beach of Normandy—exercised their newly-found freedom by requesting Jewish prayer books, Jewish scriptures and mezuzahs even before putting aside their German army uniforms for captive garb.

"The men scooped up the religious materials enthusiastically," Chaplain Martin M. Perley declared, "even the non-Jews among them taking copies of the scriptures and prayer books."

Chaplain Perley said he was "flabbergasted" when he received a call from director of the prisoner of war camp asking him to visit a group of Jewish captives who had just arrived from the battle fields of Normandy.

"Jews in the mighty Nazi army?" he exclaimed. "It sounded incredible." I found the men in a seperate compound. There were about 20 in the group and they were still clad in uniform of the German army. Some of them could speak a little English.

"Most of them, I found, were half-Jews, and only one of them a full Jew. Some had apparently spent months in German concentration camps but when the manpower shortage in Germany became acute they were drafted into Nazi labor battalions. D-day found them in Normandy working on fortifications."

According to camp officials, when the Allies started their advance along the Normandy peninsula, these men werc given uniforms, arms and ammunition and absorbed into the German army.

The Miami News - September 25, 1944, page 19

Videos e Imágenes:

Multi-racial National Socialist soldiers

Razas y naciones unidas por el nacionalsocialismo

Video Razas y naciones unidas por el nacionalsocialismo

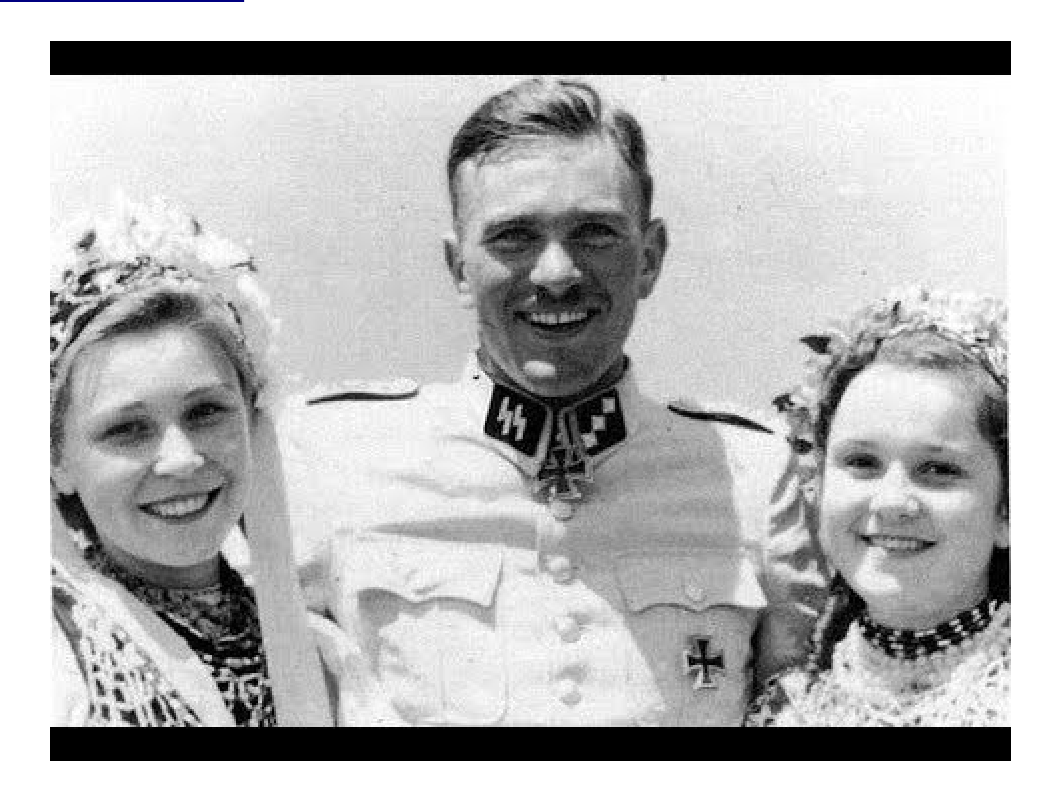
WW2 150,000 Jewish Soldiers Served Hitler and the Nazis

The Third Reich and Racism: The Objective Point of View

Non-European Volunteers in the Nazi German Army - World War II

Multicultural Wehrmacht & Waffen SS

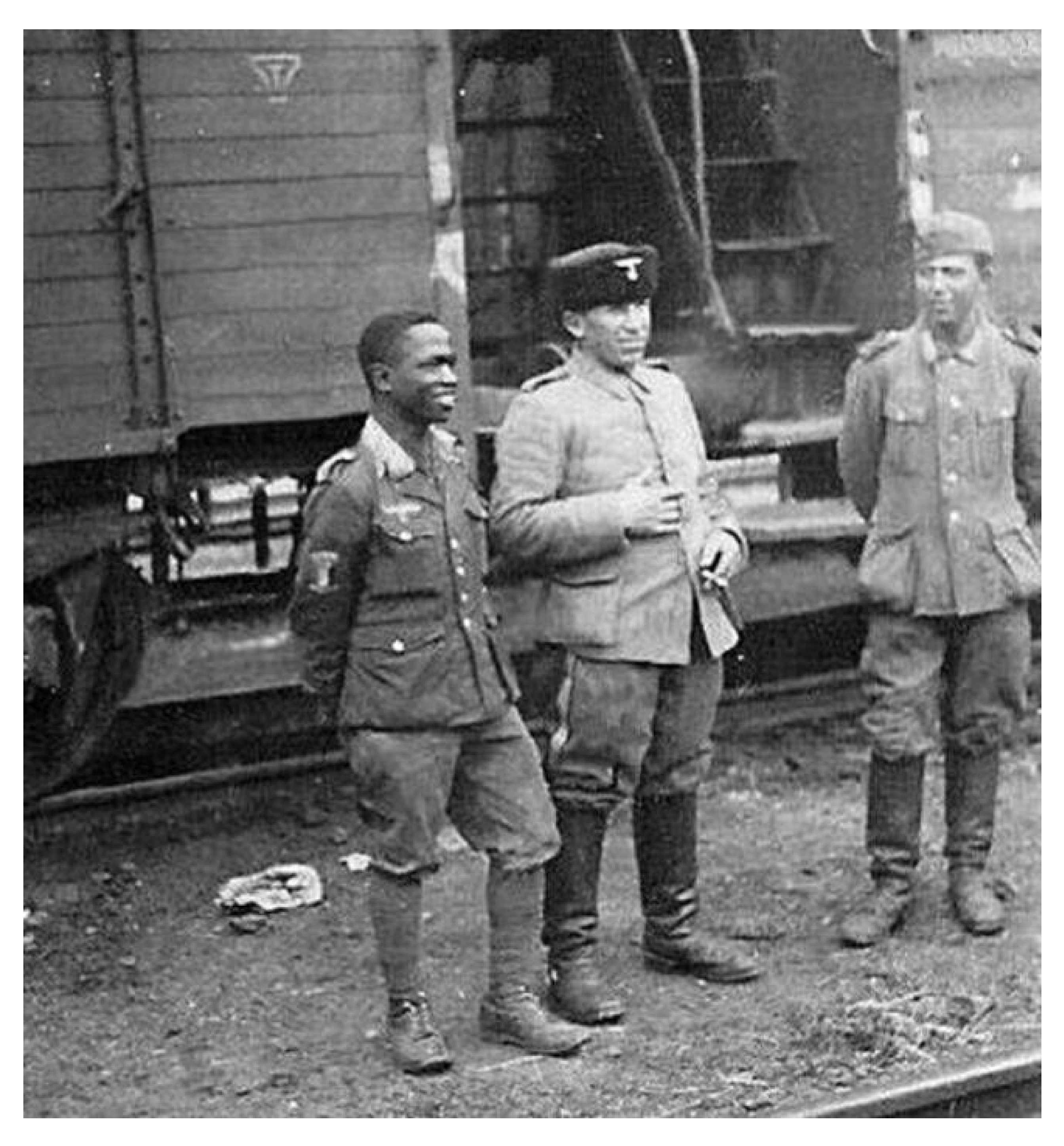
La Liberación de Ucrania



Cartel Nacional Socialista visionario,hace casi 70 años han calcado al milímetro al imperio de la libertad y la democracia...



Como cuenta el ex maestro masón John Salza, «la masonería no es extraña al racismo. La mayor parte de los principales jefes del Ku Klux Klan fueron masones. El General confederado Nathan Bedford Forrest, el fundador del Klan y su primer Mago Imperial, era francmasón. El Coronel William J. Simmons, que en 1915 restableció el Klan en Atlanta, donde se convirtió en Mago Imperial, era masón y caballero templario. El doctor Hiram Evans, que sucedió al Coronel Simmons como Mago Imperial del Klan era un masón de grado 32. Albert Pike fue el Juez Jefe del Ku Klux Klan al mismo tiempo que era Soberano Gran Comendador del Rito Escocés para la jurisdicción del Sur de los Estados Unidos. El juez del Tribunal Supremo Hugo Black era también miembro del Klan y masón de grado 33».



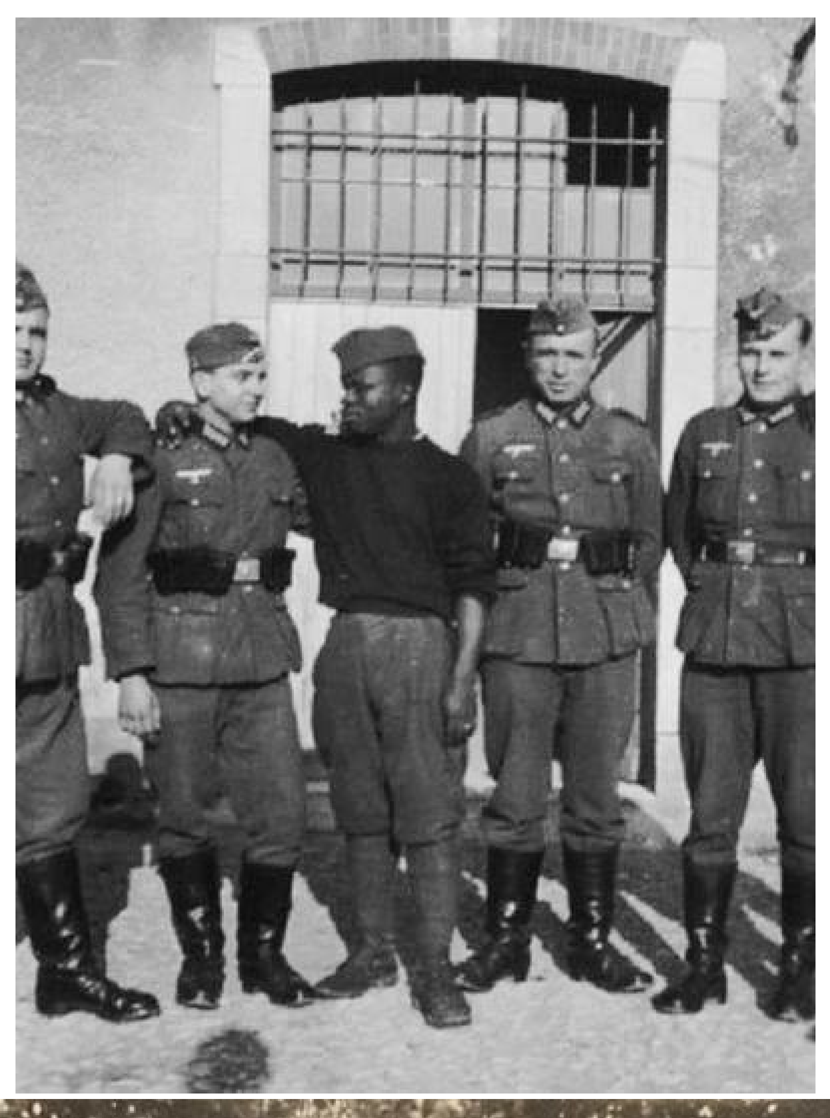
¿Qué Hitler odia a las razas no-blancas?— No mas “History Channel” para ti.





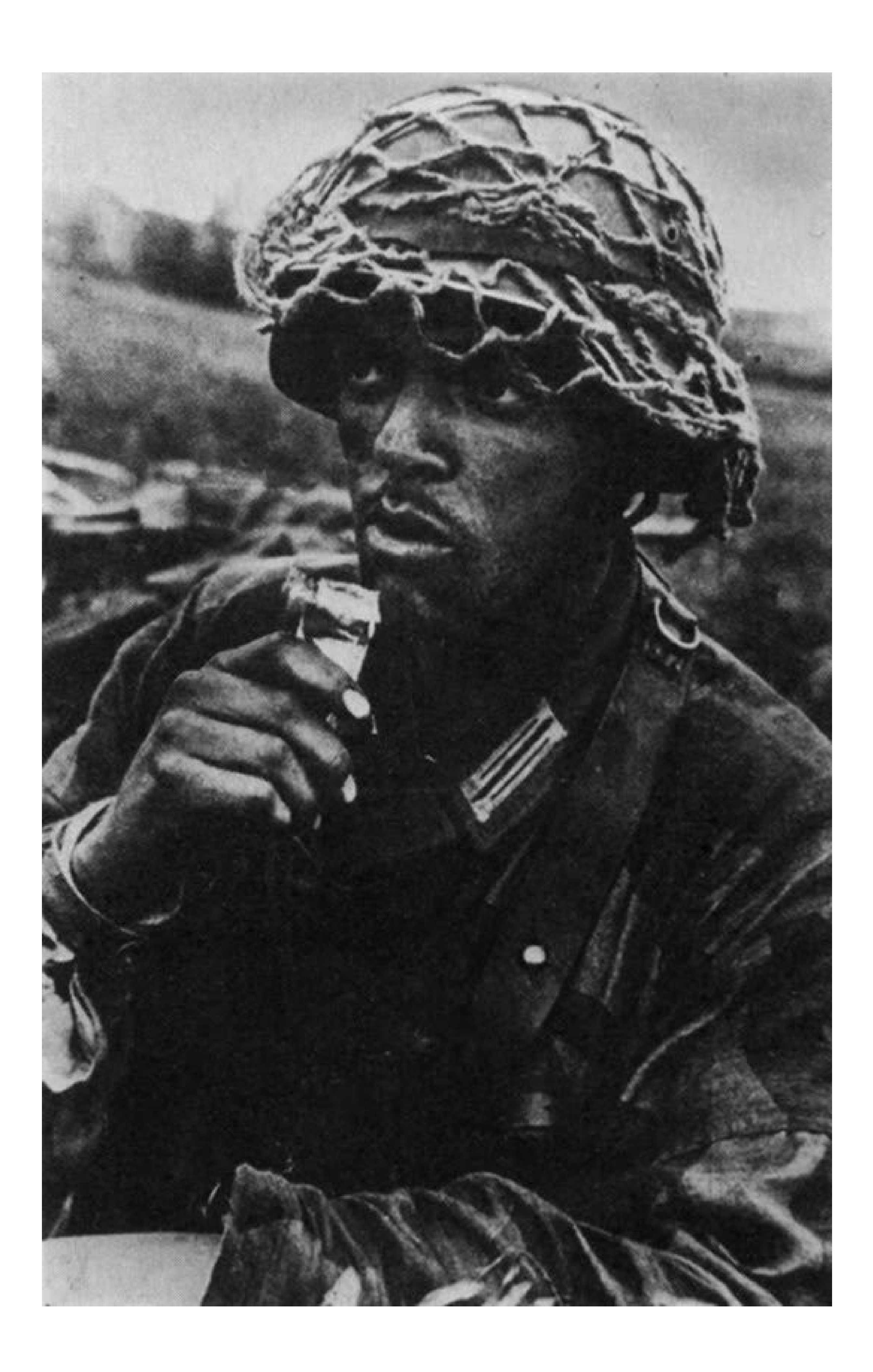
Bundesarchiv, Bild 121-0415
Foto: o.Ang. | 1940 Mai - Juni

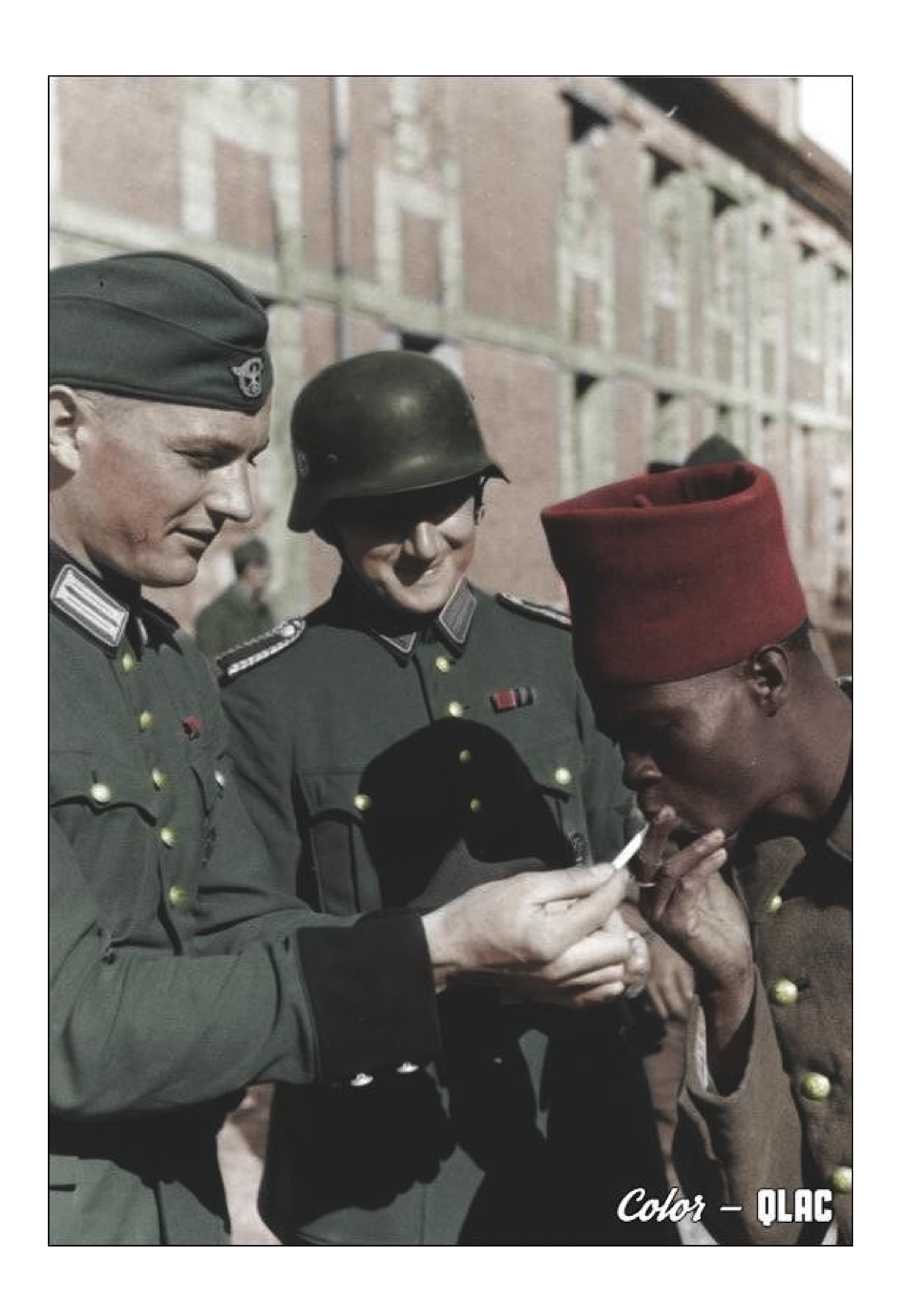











Color – QLAC





Hans Joachim Marseille (izquierda) con su asistente, el Cabo Mathew Letulu (derecha) del contingente sudafricano

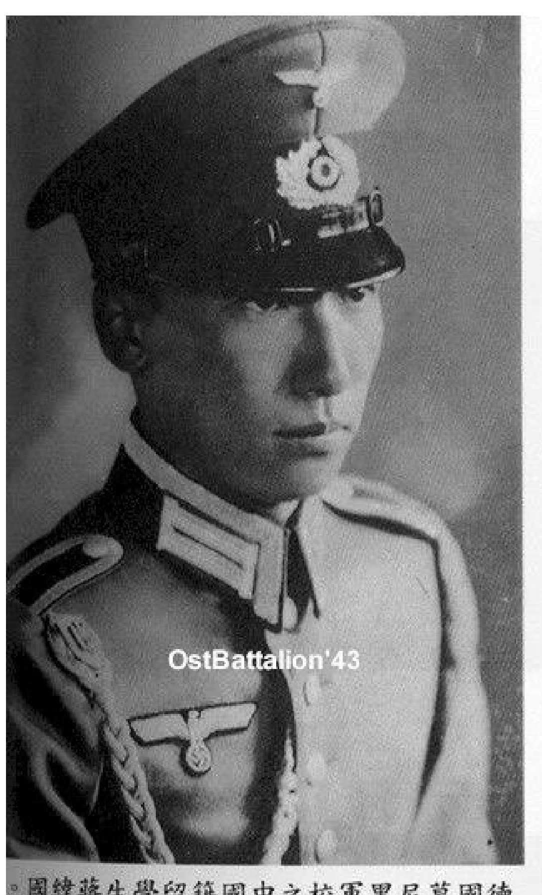








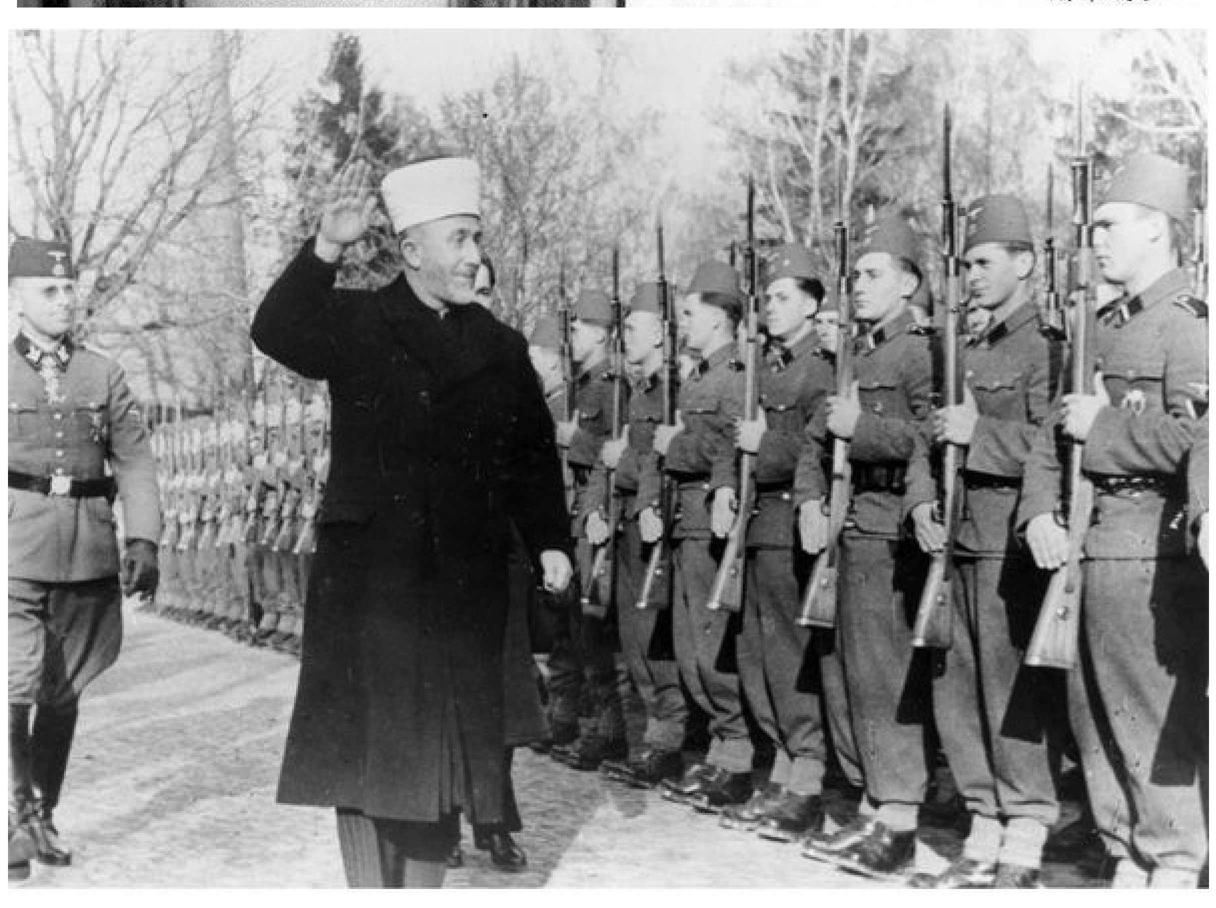




德國慕尼黑軍校之中國籍留學生蔣緯國。

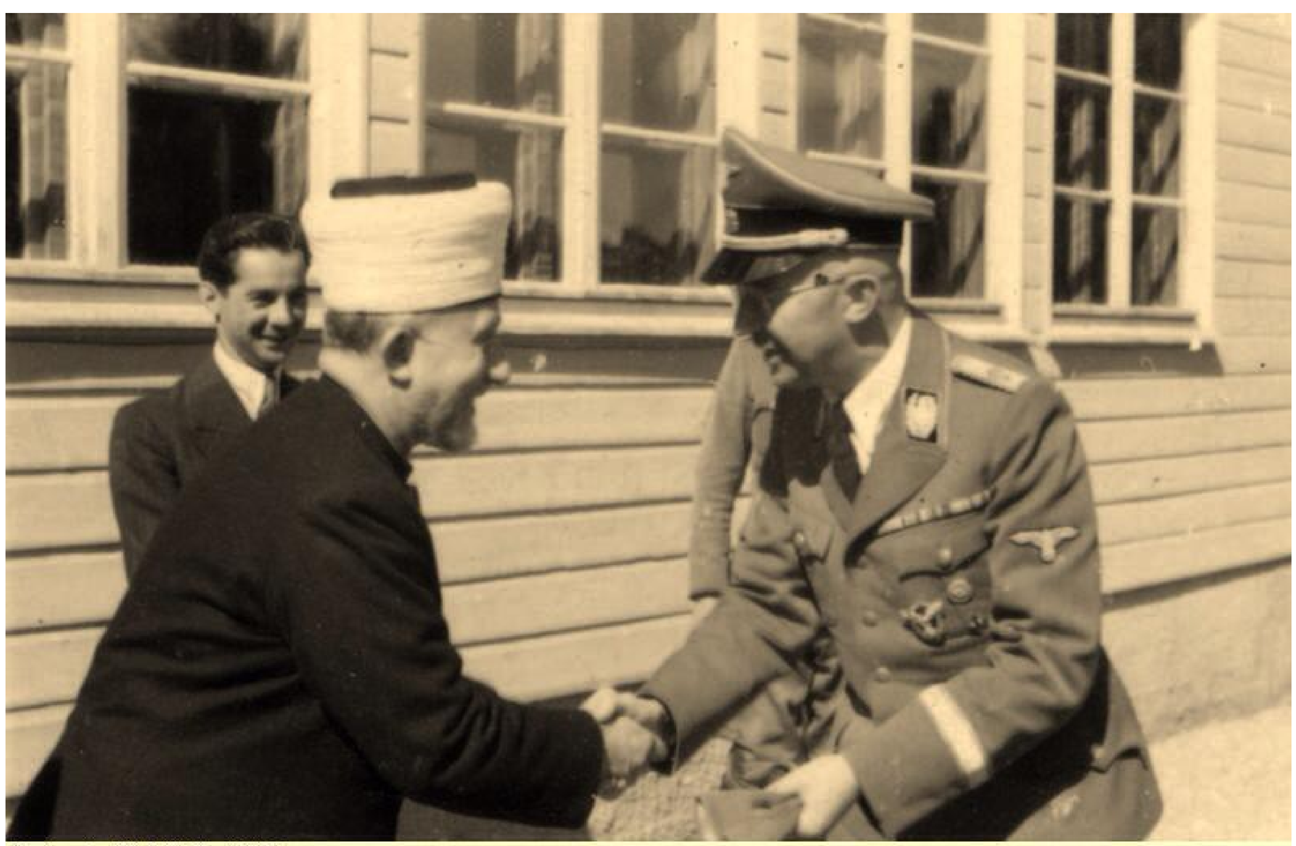


德國慕尼黑軍校畢業，獲授德國陸軍少尉軍階。





Bundesarchiv, Bild 147-0483
Foto: o.Ang. | 19. Dezember 1942



Bundesarchiv, Bild 101III-Alber-164-18A
Foto: Alber, Kurt | 1943 ca.

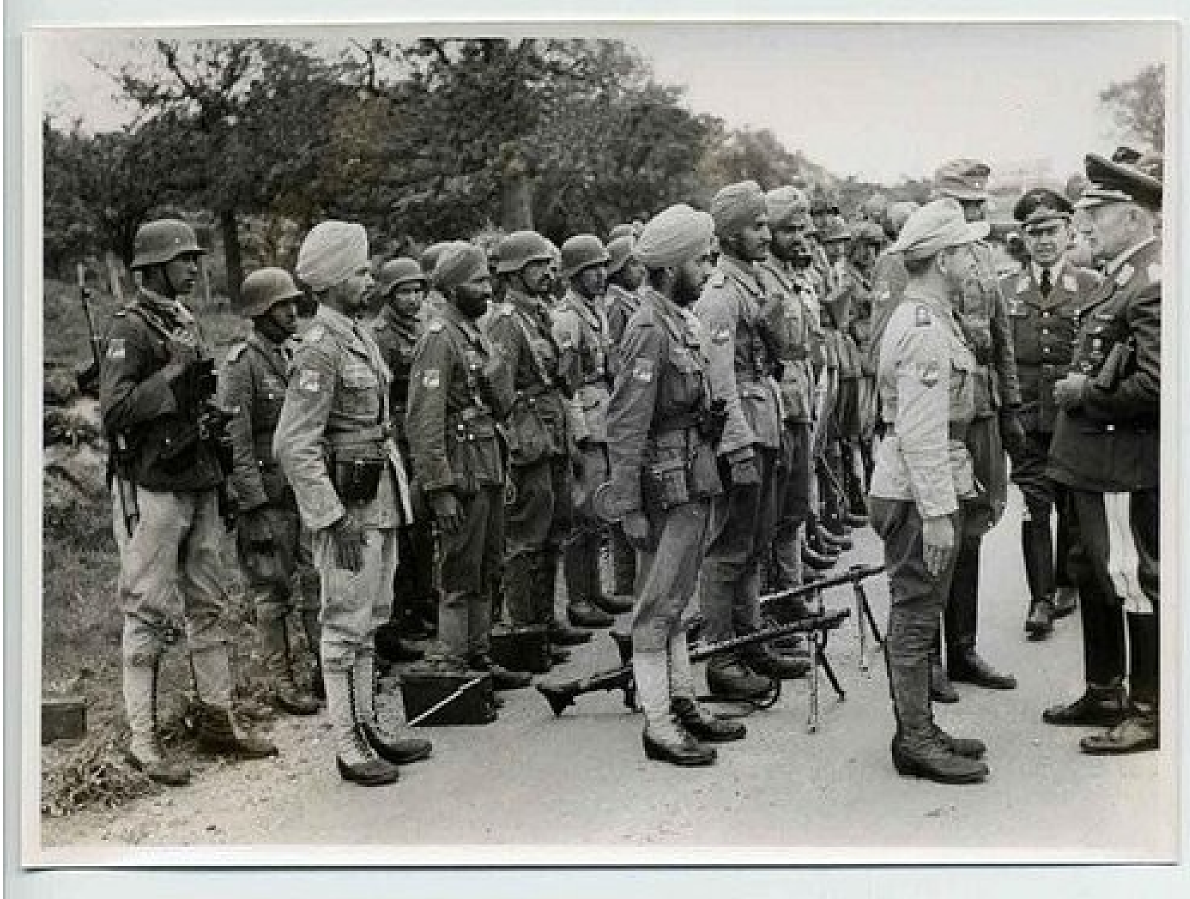


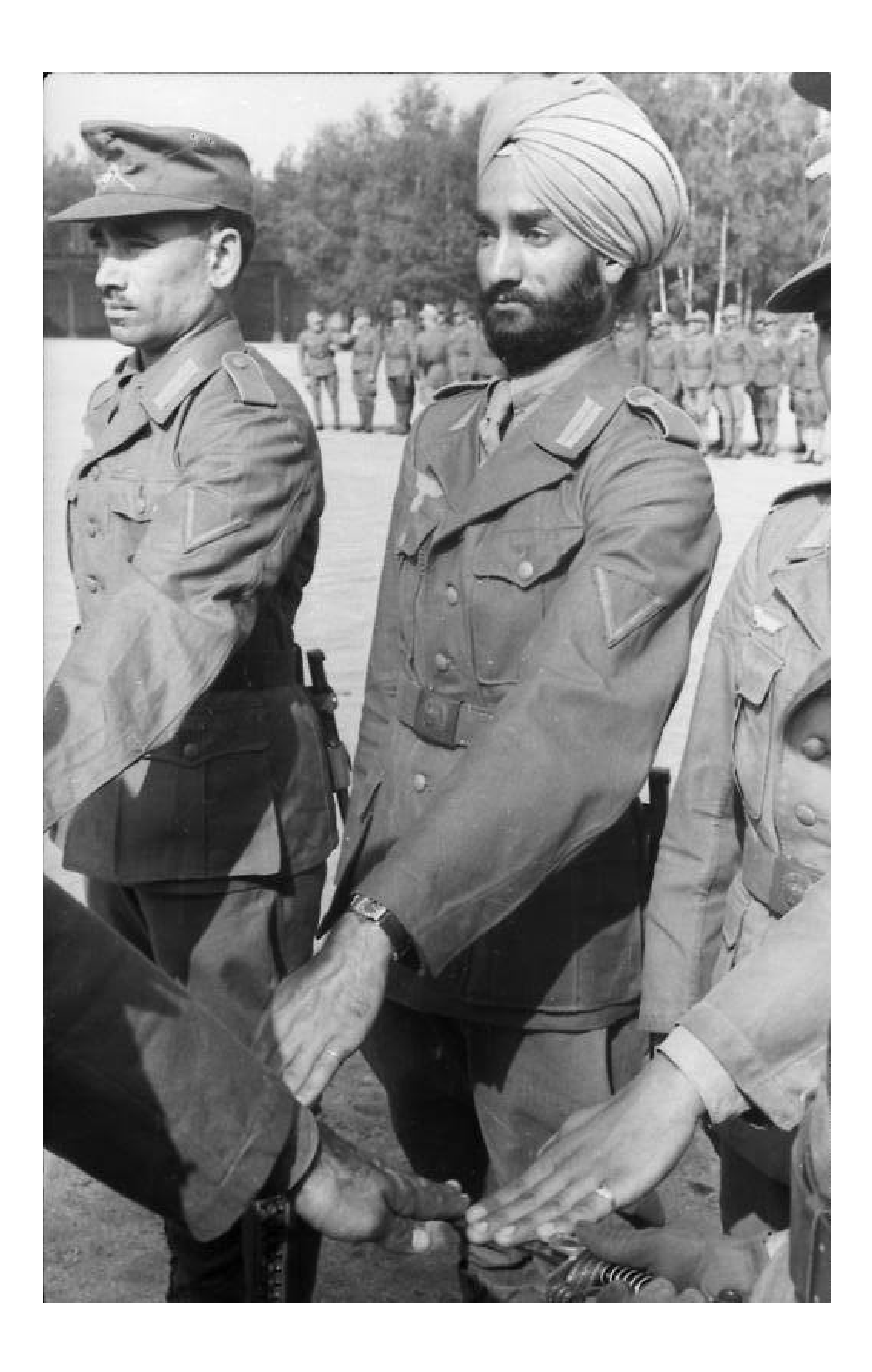




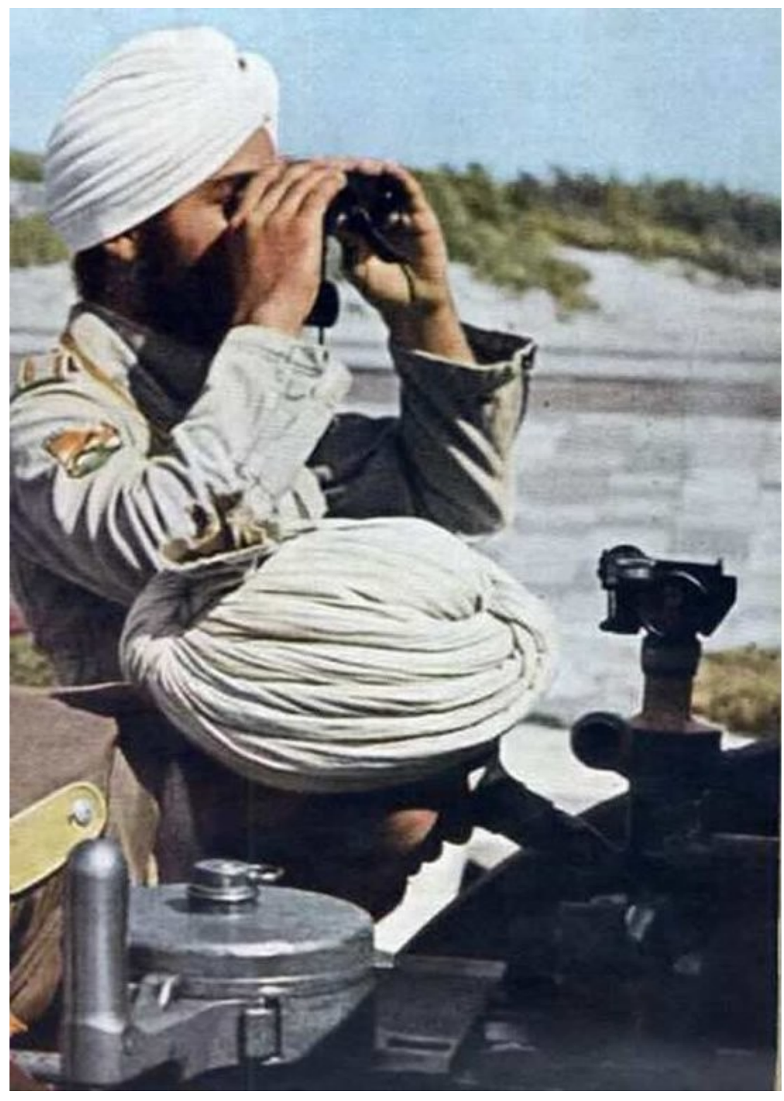






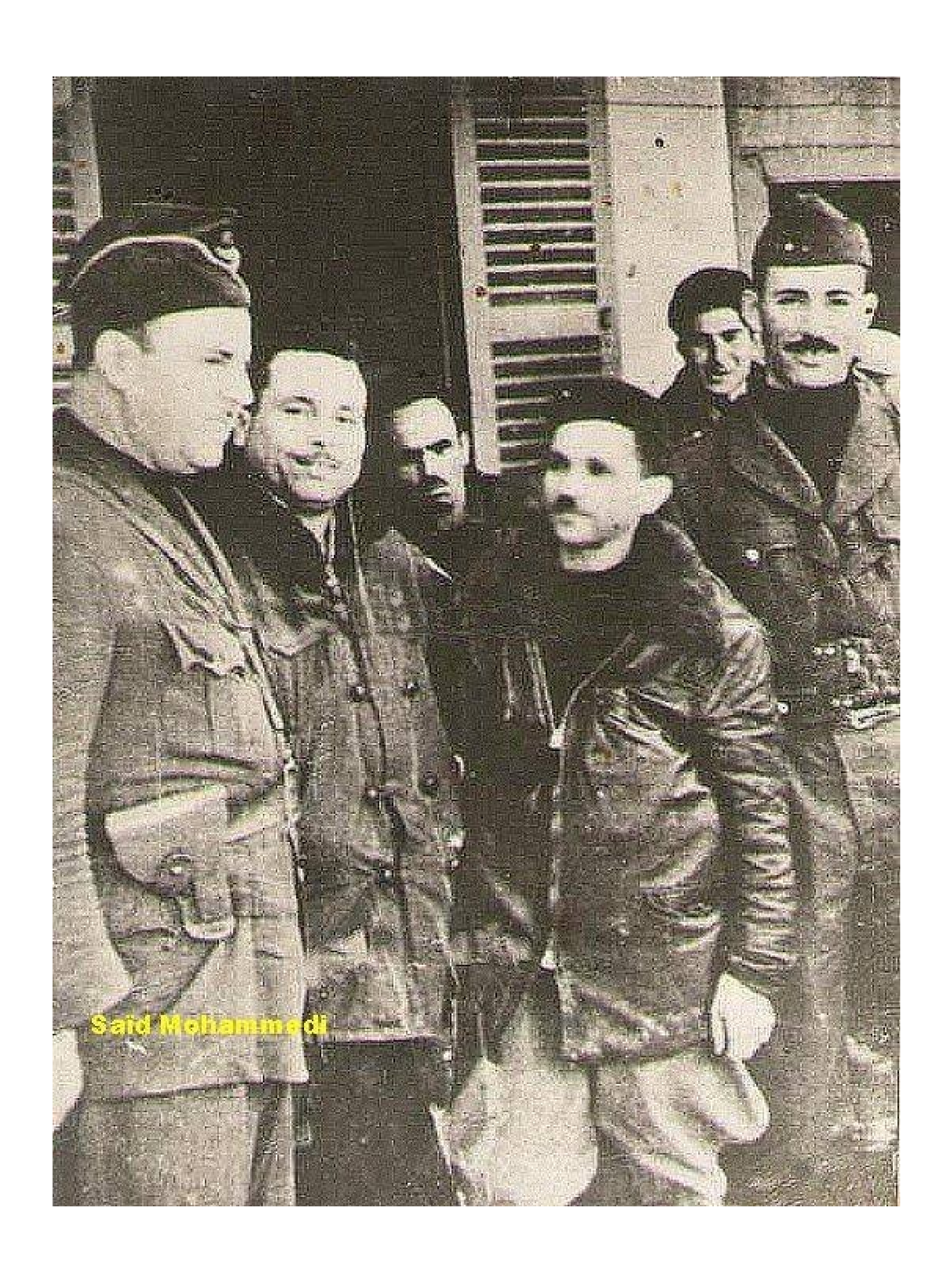











Saïd Mohammedi



Colonel Kononov
(Plastun Cossack Division)
Полковник Кононов
(Пластунская казачья дивизия)

Batallón 43 Waffen SS, Integrada por: árabes, indios, europeos, chinos, tibetanos, judíos y hasta americanos.

Comandante Wehrmacht, Chiang Wei-Kuo

Soldado de la legión Azad Hindoustan

Soldado africano, Legión Freies Saudita

Soldado Azerbaiyano muestra sus medallas

Soldado marroquí, legión Freies Araben

Soldados húngaros, y un soldado húngaro y uno chino recibiendo el mayor honor entre los soldados germanos, La cruz de hierro.

OstBattalion'43

Tropas de origen asiático, chinos, japoneses, coreanos y tibetanos.

Soldados indios de la Legión Azad Hind

13 División SS Handschar, europeos étnicos musulmanes

Soldados judíos combatieron y murieron al lado de los soldados germanos

Soldados árabes y alemanes de la legión Arabien mostrando bandera

Soldados de Turkestán



Mas Informacion:

El mito de las "SS multirraciales" y diferencia entre la SS y la Wehrmacht

Los Voluntarios indios, árabes y negros en el Ejército Nazi durante la II.Guerra Mundial. Una Historia ocultada durante décadas.

Los soldados negros del ejército alemán en la II Guerra Mundial - Backup

El Ejercito Multi-racial al servicio de Adolf Hitler

El mito del "anti-eslavismo" de Hitler creado por la Propaganda Soviética



La propaganda soviética de entre guerras promovía toda clase de mitología dirigida al entonces pueblo soviético para mantenerlo emocionalmente atado, es un recurso muy usado por casi cualquier propaganda política para infundir miedo en los ciudadanos conduciéndolos hacia los intereses del gobierno.

Desprestigiar públicamente al enemigo político es un recurso de la manipulación mediática de los gobiernos que quieren mantener a toda costa la credibilidad del pueblo hacia su gobierno, y generar y conducir el odio en el pueblo hacia los enemigos del gobierno. Manipulación a la orden del día.

Pero, ¿qué hay de cierto en el odio anti-eslavo de Hitler que tanto aseguraban los líderes soviéticos? lo mismo de cierto que las reuniones de Hitler con Sebottendorf para beber sangre de judíos sacrificados sobre una mesa de piedra y pactar favores con entidades supradimensionales.

Puntualicemos algunos datos históricos para iniciar el tema:

Los cosacos y el Bolchevismo: la "descosaquización"

Cuando se implantó el Comunismo en Rusia en 1917, estalló una Guerra Civil (1917-1919) "a la española". El Ejército Rojo, una banda de asesinos formada por el judío León Trotsky, se enfrentó al Ejército Blanco, una fuerza leal a los antiguos Zares y a la Rusia tradicional. La inmensa mayoría de los cosacos se encuadraron en las filas del Ejército Blanco, que acabó perdiendo la guerra principalmente por falta de apoyo del exterior, mientras que los bolcheviques no paraban de recibir suministros de sus hermanos de tribu de Londres, Nueva York y Estocolmo.



El Comunismo triunfante veía a los cosacos como la mayor herramienta de la autoridad y represión de los antiguos Zares. Formalmente, los 4 millones de cosacos fueron proclamados por Lenin como "enemigos del Estado", y junto con el terror desatado contra todo aquel sospechoso de no comulgar con el Bolchevismo, se lanzó a partir de 1920 la particular cruzada bolchevique de "descosaquización" (razkazachivanye). A eso se le llama genocidio, si no me equivoco.

Esta criminal campaña de genocidio colocó a los cosacos, y a la mayoría de la población general, más en contra si cabe, del régimen bolchevique.

Con la genocida "colectivización" soviética, los cosacos compartieron la misma triste suerte que los kulaks tan odiados por el régimen bolchevique: genocidio, asesinatos, torturas, persecuciones, destrucción de sus pueblos. Y hambre. Durante la terrible hambruna-represión de 1933, en la que murieron 7 millones de campesinos, los cosacos del Don y del Kubán sufrieron horriblemente.

Los cosacos y la II Guerra Mundial

Teniendo en cuenta la campaña de "descosaquización" a la que estaban siendo sistemáticamente sometidos, fue normal que, cuando llegaron las tropas alemanas a combatir contra el Bolchevismo, los cosacos los viesen como libertadores y aliados suyos. Los alemanes no tardarían en formar tropas cosacas en sus filas. También hubo algunos cosacos que combatieron en el Ejército Rojo, pues Stalin empezó a hacer promesas para levantar la moral, pero generalmente lo hacían forzados para salvar a sus huestes de las represiones estalinistas, y muchas veces no dudaban en pasarse al Eje si tenían la oportunidad.



Cosaco de las SS

En 1945, los cosacos anti-bolcheviques (no sólo soldados, sino pueblos enteros, hombres mujeres y niños) se entregaron a los ingleses en Austria, con la esperanza de poder unirse a ellos y combatir el arrollador avance de los comunistas. Sin embargo, los ingleses estaban compinchados con Stalin. A pesar de haberles prometido ponerles a salvo, los cosacos fueron traicionados por las autoridades británicas: 150.000 cosacos, hombres, mujeres y niños, fueron deportados a la fuerza (incluso a golpes de culata y de bayoneta, y algún asesinato sobre la marcha) a la URSS, donde todo el mundo sabía cuál iba a ser su destino: desaparecer para siempre en el Archipiélago Gulag.



Una imagen de tipos raciales: algunos de los pocos cosacos del Kuban que combatieron en las filas del Ejército Rojo, con sus uniformes tradicionales en el desfile de la victoria, Moscú, 1945. Poco tiempo después, la URSS ya no necesitaría el patriotismo de los cosacos, y volvió a sus medidas de "descosaquización", granjeándose definitivamente la antipatía de los cosacos y exterminando a casi todo su pueblo.

La identidad cosaca en el presente

En la Rusia de los Zares, según los censos, había más de 4 millones de cosacos. Sólo en los primeros 10 años del progresista, fraternal y libertario régimen comunista, exterminaron literalmente a más de dos tercios de la población cosaca.

Hoy la cifra oficial de cosacos no pasa de 600.000.

Cuando cayó el Comunismo soviético en 1991, los cosacos renacieron, tomaron las armas y, en el Cáucaso, lucharon a favor de separatistas pro-rusos y en contra de los chechenos.

En la actualidad, el servicio en el Ejército es considerado un honor para los cosacos, un pueblo militar de vocación. El Ejército Ruso ha estado barajando la posibilidad de constituir una fuerza exclusivamente cosaca. Muchos de ellos, además, sirven en la Guardia Presidencial, en la Spetznaz (Fuerzas Especiales) y en las flotas navales del Océano Ártico y del Mar Negro.

El patriotismo y la mentalidad de servicio de los cosacos llega a tales extremos que son comunes las agresiones a musulmanes, descendientes de aquellos tártaros que tanto trabajo les dieron en el pasado. No es difícil escuchar en Rusia que "gracias a los skinheads y a los cosacos, cada vez hay menos musulmanes".





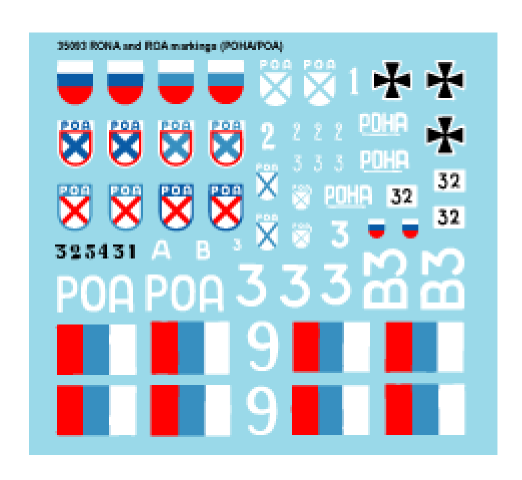


Soldado cosaco de la Wehrmacht

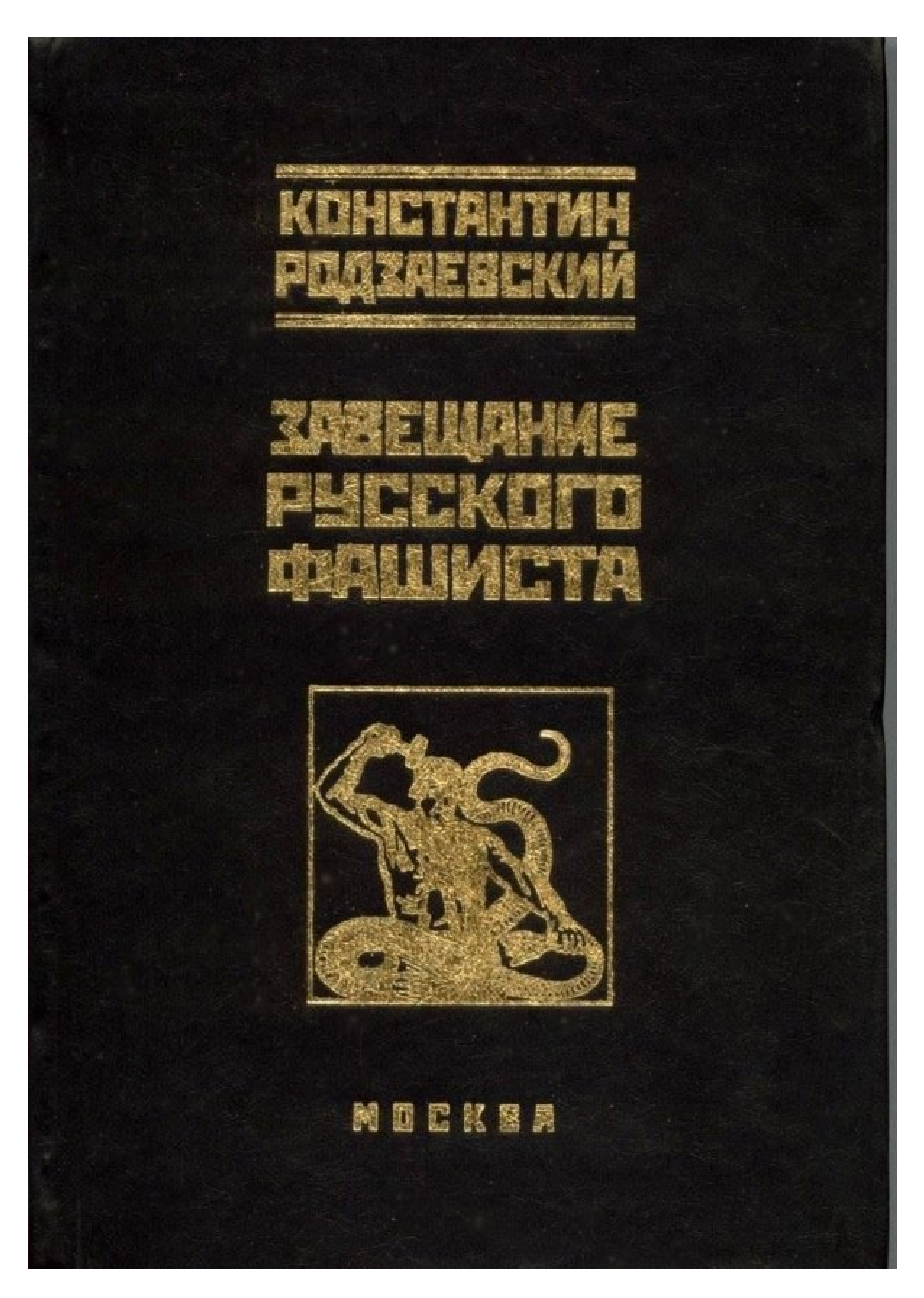


División rusa de las Waffen SS ROA





Insignias



Biblia del Nacionalismo Fascista Ruso


ТРУДЯЩИЕСЯ ВСЕХ СТРАН, ОБЪЕДИНЯЙТЕСЬ ДЛЯ БОРЬБЫ С БОЛЬШЕВИЗМОМ!

ПРАВДА

№ 10 (30)
Февраль
1942 г.

Новый порядок землепользования

Дар Адольфа Гитлера русскому народу

Вождь германского народа Адольф Гитлер издал приказ о проведении земельной реформы в освобожденных от советской тирании русских областях. Эта реформа является долгожданной для измученного русского крестьянства, которое должно оценить всю важность и значение этого великого дара Адольфа Гитлера крестьянам. Текст и объяснения реформы мы приводим ниже. Колхозы упразднены, установлен порядок общинных хозяйств, представляющих собою переходную стадию к единоличным хозяйствам крестьян. Это означает, что крестьяне скоро будут поставлены в условия нормальной работы и нормального хозяйничания на своей земле.

Крестьяне!

Германское правительство, освободившее вас от большевизма, решило дать крестьянам землю в единоличное пользование. В соответствии с этим объясняется новый порядок землепользования. Его цель:

Трудолюбивому крестьянину — своя земля

Свободные люди — на свободной земле!

Nazismo ruso


НАШ ПУТЬ

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18 лѣт тому назад русскій народ попал в страшную кабалу

18 лѣт тому назад началось убіеніе РУССКОЙ НАЦІИ.

Долой Кагановичей!

Долой компартію!

На смѣну - Еврейскому октябрю -- да придет Фашистскій Май!

Красный Октябрь

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Подлинный лик иудеевца — Октябрь

СЕГОДНЯ — ДЕНЬ ОБЩЕРУССКАГО ТРАУРА

ВСѢ НА ПАНИХИДУ ПО ЖЕРТВАМ КРАСНЫХ ПАЛАЧЕЙ!

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Propaganda anticomunista

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БЕЛАРУСКАЯ МОЛАДЗЬ!
ІДЗІ ВУЧЫЦЦА СЛУЖЫЦЬ
БЕЛАРУСКАМУ НАРОДУ
І БАЦЬКАЎШЧЫНЕ!

Propaganda nacionalsocialista-alemana bielorrusa


Год таму началося змаганьне
за Вашае
вызваленьне!
ВАШАЯ ПАДЗЯКА –
ГЭТА ВАШАЯ ПРАЦА


Селянін!
ГІТЛЕР
ЗЬВЯРТАЕ
ТАБЕ ТВАЮ
ЗЯМЛЮ!
БЯРЫСЯ ЗА ПРАЦУ ДЗЕЛЯ ЛЕПШАЕ БУДУЧЫНІ!


Чырвоныя бандыты -
- апошняя Сталінава надзея!


Нясем мы плён
у гаспадароў дом,
Каб добра плёнавала
па сто пудоў
капа давала
Усе на дажынкі
4 кастрычніка!


Німецька Армія забезпечить Вам спокійну працю для кращого й світлого майбутнього!
До праці ж, Українці!

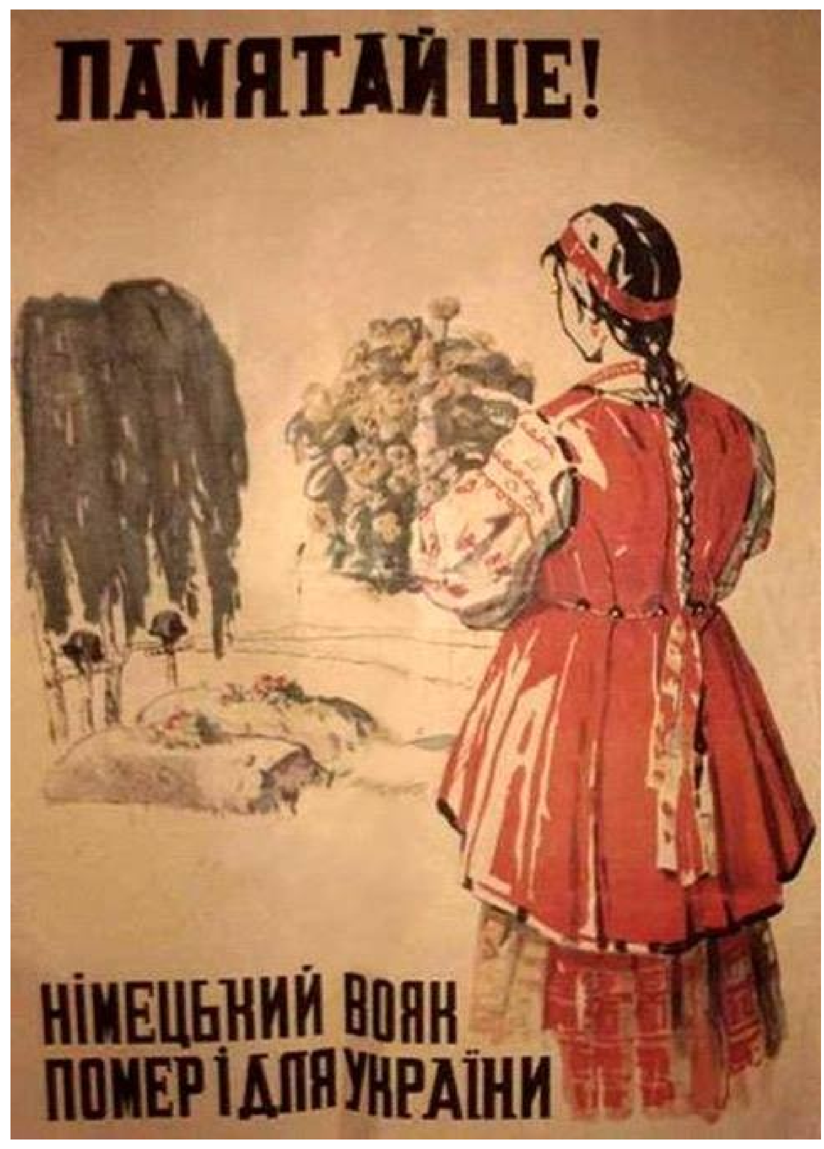

НЯМЕЦКІ ЖАЎНЕР АХОЎВАЕ І ЦЯБЕ
І ТВАЮ ЛЕПШУЮ БУДУЧЫНЮ


ЮДИ ПОБРАТАЛИСЬ
КАПИТАЛИСТ
Кто бьет по Черчиллю -
тот бьет по Сталину!


мчится тройка
СССР
Н К В Д
ПРОЛЕТАРИИ ВСЕХ СТРАН СОЕДИНЯЙТЕСЬ
по России...







"Recuerda esto! El guerrero alemán murió por Ucrania."

Material fílmico de las SS rusas

[Русская освободительная армия, POA Russian Liberation Army, RAF]

La propaganda alemana fue sirviéndose de varios mitos fundacionales con el que animar esta campaña. Uno de ellos fue cómo en el pasado, germanos y eslavos se unieron para derrotar al Imperio Jázaro, un estado de credo judío, orientalizante y anti-europeo, muy en boga de las siniestras confederaciones asiáticas del Este que más tarde arrasarían Europa en los tiempos del oscurantismo.



Unidos terminaron forjando Rusia tal como la conocemos, con una élite germana de origen varego conductora de un pueblo de origen eslavo. No sería el único caso. La expansión hacia el Este por parte de los europeos parece una constante en la historia, una suerte de ley del péndulo, o tercera ley de Newton. Toda acción tiene una reacción. Y esta realidad abunda en ejemplos.

Por citar alguno de cierta trascendencia: La marcha de Occidente hacia Oriente: Alejandro Magno, Imperio Romano, los Zares, Napoleón, Hitler, EEUU, y a su vez la marcha de Oriente hacia Occidente: Persas, hunos, mongoles, judíos, la URSS y ahora la invasión islámica de Europa. Acción-reacción. Tal vez no sea una ley tan cierta como la gravedad, pero diría que es lo habitual.

Ahora estamos viviendo la toma musulmana de los restos de Occidente. Es de esperar que en un futurible donde los europeos venzamos, se invierta el proceso y acabemos tomando el Levante, e incluso, destruyendo los vestigios de ese monstruo de la antigüedad que fue el Imperio Otomano. Es más, diríase que llegaríamos inesperadamente mucho más lejos.

El proyecto nacionalsocialista sobre las tierras asiáticas, no era sino crear un nuevo mundo a través de la síntesis entre conquistadores y conquistados, entre la impronta germánica y la eslava libre de distopías acerca de sustituir a Chaikovski por el sonido del látigo.

En toda ocasión en que los intelectuales orgánicos de Occidente deforman las políticas nazis en el Este, tienden a manifestar lo que se ha dado llamar proyección: les traiciona el subconsciente y plasman en los demás lo que no es sino su propio pensamiento. Una escalofriante ucronía a medio camino entre el naturalismo más tercermundista, y la tecnofilia más deshumanizada, donde grandes masas de población serían esclavos agrarios e industriales, a manos de una casta endogámica viviendo en su particular burbuja a prueba de balas.



Un mundo sincrético entre un medievo a nivel global para los gobernados, y un futurismo eminentemente materialista para los gobernantes. Un buen ojo fácilmente sabrá adivinar qué ideales están sosteniendo este devenir, que personalidades de las altas esferas los anhelan, y que potencias son las mayores partícipes de semejante despropósito. Es ese contingente de patrias que décadas después no queda claro que "victoria" para el pueblo supuso vencer, es ese mundo que combatió hasta la extenuación, al mismo sistema que "en teoría", estaría allanando el camino para esos mismos propósitos.

"No me negarás las citas eslavófobas..."

Según el oficialismo, los eslavos eran pueblos atrasados, una raza inferior a los europeos y carentes de toda cultura digna, a menudo sin citar ni tan siquiera unas fuentes primarias, que parecen conocer tan sólo quienes defienden tan maliciosa teoría. Como se verá, se trata de burdas falsedades: El NSDAP no incitaba verdaderamente a la eslavofobia, de hecho desde las SS se procuraba no alentar odios raciales entre europeos -el ideario racial irradiado desde ellas, era el de una unidad de toda *la familia europea* por un mismo devenir trascendental: el retorno a un mítico origen pseudopolar, aplicar en todo el cuerpo de la raza blanca una especie de nordificación, partiendo de un legado genético que afloraría en todos nosotros en mayor o menor medida-.

Sobre ellos, el propio Hitler se limitaba a quejarse de los Habsburgo, por tender estos a apostar por un multiculturalismo irreal y no por la noción imperial. Y aun así debemos tomar *Mein Kampf* como lo que es: un libro de 1925 del que luego más de la mitad de lo expresado no se tradujo en hechos. También es popular su cita de 1922 en donde expresa que debería destruirse el sistema soviético que dominaba a Rusia: véase el propósito retorcido que puede haber en sacar "eslavofobia" de donde tan solo hay anti-comunismo. ¿De donde viene el grueso de las citas realmente anti-eslavas, sino todas?

Todas las citas "anti-eslavas" de Hitler son verdaderamente fáciles de rastrear, porque parten todas desde un mismo punto. Provienen del libro difamatorio -"Hitler me dijo"- del militante anti-fascista Rauschning, aquel que reconoció que partía a América a hacerse rico a su costa. En sus obras -especialmente la citada-, está TODO. Los difamadores metidos a intentos de historiadores, no han hecho sino traducir sus escritos y retorcerlos como bien pudieron con tal de seguir aportando novedad -igual que la Leyenda Negra británica u holandesa, son meras traducciones que parten de las manipulaciones cometidas por eclesiásticos españoles-.

En él se puede encontrar prácticamente todo el material destinado a la desacreditación de personalidades del NSDAP y su ideario. Desde las famosas citas pro-republicanas donde se arrepiente de haber apoyado a Franco, hasta un anhelo de hacer de Alemania un país islámico, pasando por los planes de convertir a los eslavos en meros neo-helotas, conquistar Sudámerica y hacer de Brasil un "paraíso ario", reducir a escombros toda catedral europea desde facciones anti-cristianas, llenar de plomo los EE.UU. "en 1988", ganarle tierra al mar en el Mediterráneo para montar un enorme campo agrario en medio -¿?-, construir colonias en la propia Antártida, esterilizar en el futuro a quienes no fueran de facciones nórdicas, re-implantar en la India el sistema de castas tal como era en una prístina India Védica etecé... Y adornando todo con múltiples insultos a variados pueblos, por citar uno cercano a nosotros: "Las españolas eran las mujeres más estúpidas que había conocido".

No obstante, por supuesto sí hubo quienes profesaban odio hacia los eslavos desde Alemania, pero aquí nuevamente se cae en error. ¿Quienes eran esas gentes? Los círculos sociales cercanos a la vieja guardia, a la alta burguesía de raigambre junker y su afán de una sociedad que implantase una nueva pseudohidalguía, a organizaciones cristianas -auténticos centros de subversión anti-nazi, ilegalizadas tiempo después por eso mismo- y en general a aquellos elementos representantes de un régimen anterior, más peligrosos que afines -desde aquí partían las que durante toda la guerra serían trabas intentando seguir con los viejos métodos, causando cagadas estrepitosas en Barbarroja además de represiones no motivadas por anti-comunismo sino por puro chauvinismo; incompetentes que si hubiesen tenido más influencia, habría sido llegar a Francia y comenzar a cavar trincheras de nuevo, ni Blitzkrieg ni nada-.

Son el prototípico *casposerismo*, una casta senil y decrépita del antiguo orden, depositaria de patriotismos burgueses y constitucionales, que se resiste a ser reemplazada por opciones más revolucionarias y que abolirían el sistema de clases del que emana su poder.

Este conjunto de variopintos individuos, veían la expansión al Este no como el inicio de un proyecto nuevo, fresco, desechando del pasado lo que había que desechar, sino como poco más que la culminación de la rivalidad entre occidentales y orientales, los cristianos del Oeste y los primeros gran cismáticos, los ortodoxos. El enfrentamiento entre las dos europas proviene de la disputa entre sus respectivas iglesias, que ya en plena Alta Edad Media fabricaban las leyendas negras que han dado pie a los resentimientos a uno y a otro lado del continente, resentimientos que engendraron a variados bastardos ideológicos:

La eurofobia presentando a los eslavos no como hermanos europeos sino como "otra cosa", una civilización propia y antitésica a la nuestra, estando muy por encima de El Decadente Occidente y sus tretas imperialistas por asaltar la fortaleza telúrica que representarían las rusias. No habría lugar en nosotros para la alta cultura, una mentalidad sana, un alma bondadosa o un pasado amistoso, todo Occidente sería en sí mismo una conspiración demoníaca, anti-eslava y venenosa de la que bien sería alejarse de ella. Es el Eurasianismo, o Cuarta Teoría Política, quien mejor recoge este legado.

Al otro lado se hallaría el odio contra los europeos orientales, quienes frente a una civilizada y refinada Europa Occidental, serían tal que los perdedores de la historia, europeos de segunda, una suerte de rednecks pseudotártaros incapaces de salir de un tercermundismo que exportan a los demás en forma de asaltos a domicilios, borracheras en la calle, prostitución, parasitismo, y para colmo la amenaza latente de traer consigo invasiones de corte ultra-estatalista. Si existen hoy voceros de esta teoría, son sin duda las potencias atlantistas y sus intoxicadores liberales e incluso sectores identitarios, que desde el paternalismo, no tienen problema en expandir su brazo armado con la excusa de protegerles de ellos mismos -y sacarles de la miseria con una glorificada UE, de la que manaría ambrosía y con la que llegarían irremediablemente a un estado utópico e igualitario para todo el mundo.



Esta gente bebía de tan turbias fuentes. No hará falta explicar que son estas mismas personas las que más tarde atentarían contra el propio Hitler, y cuando no, tendían a sentirse más en su salsa codeándose con espías británicos y ministros de muy dudosa lealtad -Schacht, Bormann-. Sectores sociales más propiamente conservadores, reaccionarios, fundamentalistas religiosos, monárquicos, incluso partidarios del Antiguo Régimen que han llegado hasta hoy, en general, gentes más cercanas a la derecha clásica que al propio nacionalsocialismo, y que siendo coherentes con su propio pensamiento, no dudaban en torpedearlo cada vez que tenían la oportunidad.

En palabras del propio Hitler, eran "la secta que me olvidé de disolver". Es un fenómeno que ya se ha visto en otros países como Hungría, Rumanía, Noruega, Austria, o Bélgica entre otros: El mayor enemigo de los "tercerismos" históricos, no era tanto la odiada izquierda, sino ese "mal menor" que es la derecha, tendente a acabar traicionando a los primeros por más que se engalane de los símbolos nacionales y las odas a la patria.

Desde los órganos ideológicos del NSDAP se pretendía hacer ver a los eslavos como un remanente europeo a salvar, el cual estaría atrapado en las garras comunistas y en condición quasiesclava. Ese mismo sentimiento en el mundillo identitario sigue vigente, mas en otro contexto y con otros pueblos: Ya no serían los eslavos la personificación de una Europa remota y en apuros, sino esas mismas gentes que se desgajaron del tronco indoeuropeo partiendo hacia Oriente: Kalash, yazidíes, tocarios, qashqai, hunza, etc. recuerdos manifiestos de las migraciones európidas, ahora en peligro frente a la nueva hoz soviética apoyada por los grandes financieros en forma de media luna.

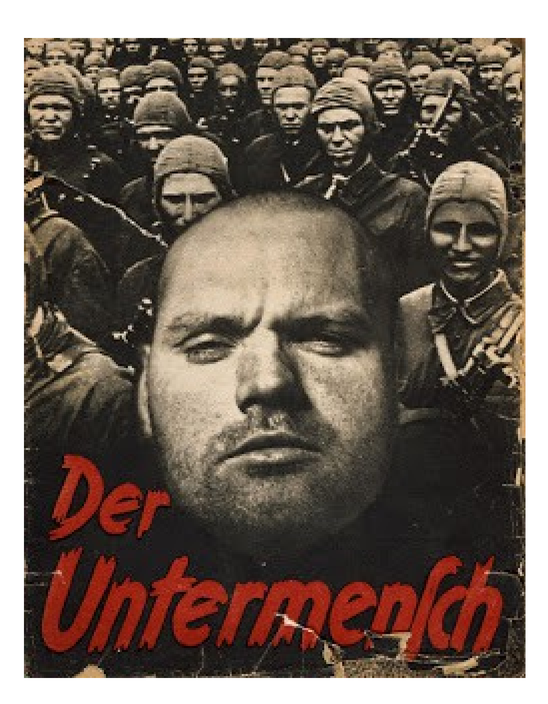
Esto nos retrae al inicio del artículo: Los problemas e idearios de nuestro tiempo no son sino la forma hipertrofiada de aquellos que ya entonces se entreveían, con distintos actores y escenarios, pero profundamente insertados en las mismas bases. Hoy día todo el asunto del "genocidio blanco" nos ha pillado muy de cerca, lo vemos como si fuera un proceso noventero que bebía de Mayo del 68 y que ahora nos explota en la cara, cuando realmente hunde sus raíces tan lejos como los años 20 e incluso antes.

El Eje, con sus más y sus menos, estaba en vistas de frenarlo. Fue destruido y lo demás es historia conocida. La era globalista actual y sus herramientas, desde la ONU hasta la OTAN pasando por la UE, la ingeniería social a gran escala y la supeditación de los gobiernos a los intereses de "los mercados", nacen al calor de la victoria aliada teniendo al Holocausto como mito fundacional.

"Pero..., ¿y aquello de los subhumanos qué?"

Los "subhumanos" no serían sino los peones que trasladarían un sistema de despotismo oriental, esclavista, tiránico, asiático y deshumanizado, encarnado entonces en los bolcheviques. Una reminiscencia de las hordas del Este que asolaron Europa durante la Edad Oscura, y que a diferencia de los sometidos negros, amerindios o paleoaustralianos, eran vistos con temor y respeto por unas sociedades, en cuyo inconsciente colectivo había quedado bien arraigado su recuerdo. Hablamos del famoso "peligro amarillo".

Como vemos, las ideas que forjan la "subhumanidad" planteada desde el nacionalsocialismo, provienen de mucho antes y están arraigadas no solo en el colonialismo europeo y su análisis de los demás actores étnicos en la escena internacional, sino en el miedo ancestral de los europeos orientales a los asiáticos, tal como lo fueron los árabes para los españoles o balcánicos, pueblos que marcaron a infinidad de generaciones. Esas ideas eran bastante más populares fuera que dentro de Alemania. Realmente, en todo el III Reich hay un sólo escrito donde aparezca tal expresión, y es en una publicación de las SS de 1942.



Una masa comunista de rasgos deformes, encabezados -valga la redundancia- por un sujeto de aspecto desaliñado y disgenésico. Somos lo que transmitimos.

Es usado para "demostrar la eslavofobia" como último recurso, pero se trata de una acusación que bien podría basarse en el famoso "una mentira repetida mil veces se convierte en verdad", de Lenin: demuestra realmente que ni tan siquiera lo han leído. Un servidor lo pudo leer hace años, de modo que creo poder opinar: En la publicación, diferencian perfectamente a los eslavos de lo que ellos consideraban "subhumanos". Se trata de una especie de guía sobre las distintas poblaciones que vivían en la URSS y la Europa del Este en general, además de un justificativo para iniciar la campaña oriental.

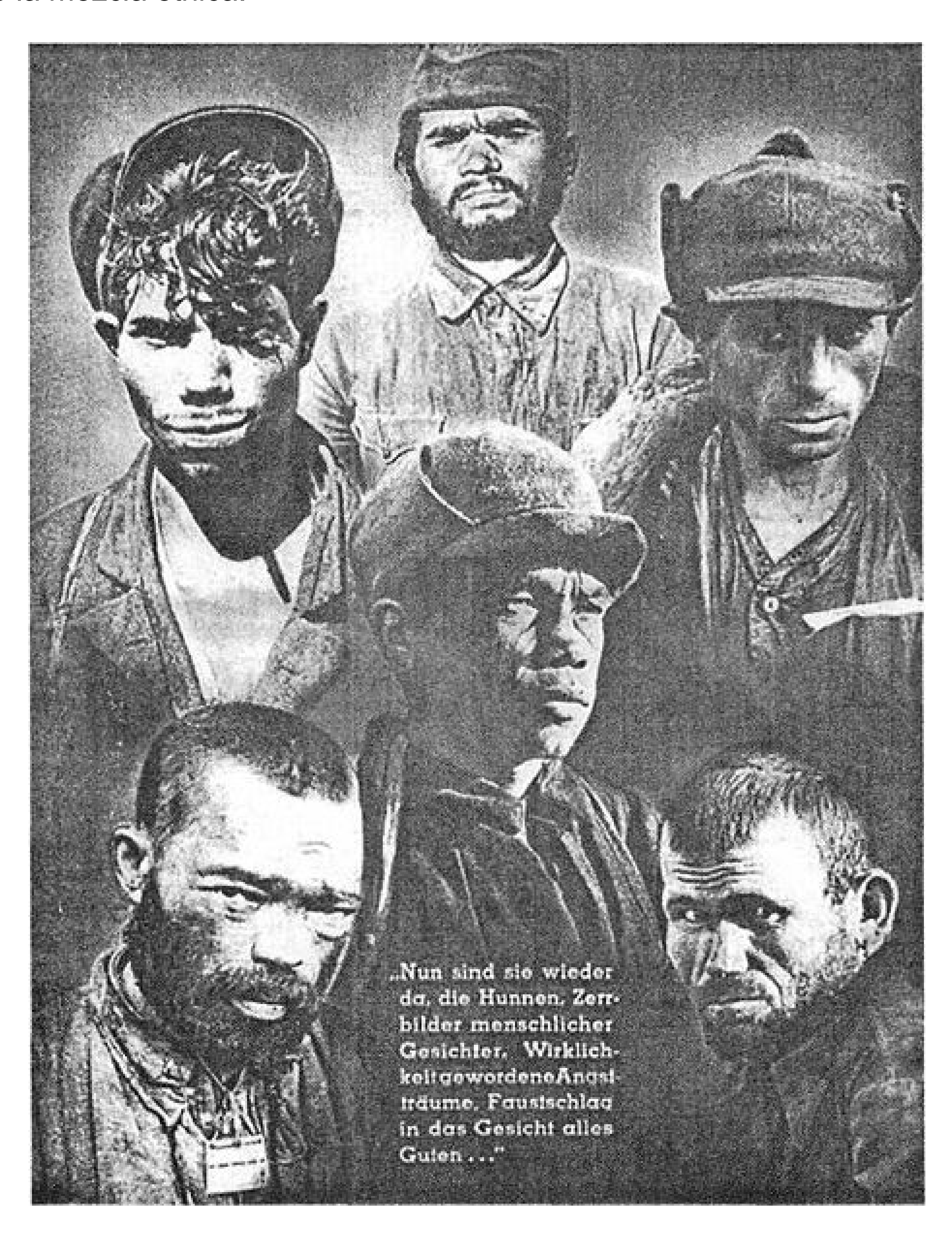
Dividen la población en tres grupos principales:

- Las élites soviéticas, compuestas principalmente por etnias no eslavas como bálticos, hebreos, caucásicos y túrquicos.

- Las poblaciones nativas de los territorios dominados por el Comunismo, que no pertenecerían a las élites, desde los eslavos hasta los orientales pasando por las minorías germanas y otras europeas que vivían en su seno.

- Y por último, los "subhumanos".

Desde el primer momento, se nos dice que los subhumanos son seres biológicos, que pueden hallarse en cualquier pueblo incluído el alemán. Se trata de personas donde ha triunfado la disgenesia, tullidos mentales o cercanos a ello, pusilánimes, hez social no producto de pobreza, falta de mayor intelecto, creatividad, altruismo, nobles sentimientos etecé. En definitiva gente producto de una catastrófica selección a través de la reproducción continua de los peores individuos en detrimento de los mejores, y con el añadido de la mezcla étnica.



Tengamos en cuenta que la exaltación quasi-religiosa de "el pueblo" y "los proletarios" en el marxismo, es más que nada una necesidad. Permite a cualquiera esconderse tras un colectivismo, tras una identidad grupal, de modo que se consiga una crítica a nivel plural y no individual, porque de producirse ésta última no saldrían bien parados sus seguidores.

Caso distinto es el de los llamados "tercerismos", donde queda pronunciada la superioridad nativa pero reconociendo en todo momento que dentro de ella no existe tampoco cierta igualdad ni debe buscarse, sino que se debe empujar a los mejores individuos hacia la gloria y el liderazgo. Es una idea muy recurrida en estos regímenes. El arquetípico héroe clásico como avanzadilla de la nueva humanidad celestial, el individuo que no vive del orgullo de pertenencia a una élite como los hidalgos rentistas que no movían un dedo, tan profusos en nuestra literatura, sino aquel que superando sus límites se eleva por encima de las banalidades y desgracias del mundo, trascendiendo todo lo fútil y vacuo, para emprender cierta lucha hasta alcanzar un estadio de vida superior.



El mismo ideal estuvo presente en la Cristiandad a través de los ascetas, con la diferencia de que estos sí despreciaban el cuerpo, siendo este el que no deja de contener el alma. La superación personal frente a la retahíla glorificadora de todo aquello decadente, retorcido, pestilente, destructor…

Unos eligen avanzar, la maduración, el romper sus barreras, el empeño, sacrificio, disciplina, "echarse pá alante", y en general el elevarse por encima de su anterior situación, para acabar mejor que como empezó. Otros en lugar de ello prefieren hacer caer a los demás a su pozo, y revolcarse en las aguas fétidas y hediondas del fondo de ese mismo pozo. Igualitarismos por lo bajo.

Al ser un despojo con patas, dicho individuo solo conseguirá sentirse bien consigo mismo cuando haya logrado rebajar a su nivel a todo lo que le rodea y así poder sentirse en casa o entre los suyos, sin que a su ego inflado le moleste alguna promesa encarnada de que se puede llegar más lejos. Esos intentos por echar abajo y corromper todo lo puro, lo inocente, lo sublime, desde el resentimiento para sentirse mejor consigo mismos y su vileza, es una aspiración bien presente en los peores escalones de la sociedad, desde los citados igualitaristas, al lumpen social de todo plumaje pasando por los propios pederastas.

El objetivo nacionalsocialista era el gobierno de una verdadera aristocracia, dirigente de un imperio autárquico de una sociedad orgánica cuya división social se basaría en criterios tan naturales como la meritocracia, la cualidad espiritual y la sangre, lo cual dista de ser un "sistema liberal" -neoreaccionarios dixit-. Un panorama donde el vil metal como otorgador de poder fuera cosa del pasado, y donde se acabarían instaurando castas basadas en el mérito propio, en esfuerzos reales en causas reales, eso y no las abstracciones que llevan a colocar por ser "hijo de" a endogámicos como gerifaltes, en nombre de "la Tradición".

El auténtico avance de la sociedad se halla en sus más destacados individuos. Ayudar a los mejores supone ayudar a todo el mundo, al ser quienes por su propio potencial, resolverán los problemas de la sociedad. Mientras que ayudando a los peores se les ayuda solo a ellos. Esta mentalidad choca de frente contra un sistema como el marxista, antítesis a la que se añadía la baza racial.

Hunos, mongoles, kipchakos, jázaros, tártaros, kazajos y otros horrores esteparios de la antigüedad. Se atribuía a los subhumanos del mundo soviético su herencia en sangre y espíritu, como nueva horda escupida desde la Asia profunda contra la humanidad europea. Era muy frecuente comparar la amenaza comunista con el terror asiático del pasado -temática en la que fatídicamente acertarían de lleno, repitiéndose los saqueos, torturas y violaciones de media Europa a manos de milicias mongólidas, no solo por la necesidad ante el panorama de ver muertas las divisiones soviéticas de eslavos, sino como una revancha étnica, haciendo especial énfasis durante la campaña a "arrancar por la fuerza el orgullo racial de la bruja rubia".



En definitiva, los subhumanos empoderados del Este eran vistos como poco más que personas perturbadas, agresivas, enfermos mentales, bárbaros, que mantenían cautivas a las personas de bien en dichos países, y que -rozando lo magufo, reconozcámoslo- desde la profundidad de los bosques orientales conspiraban y acechaban ocultos al mundo civilizado. Como ejemplos modernos en la ficción de la misma idea -despojada de carácter ideológico-, podríamos citar a los *dunlendinos*, o la de los salvajes y otros monstruos humanoides de *más allá del Muro*.

Representarían el arquetipo de la masa-horda pastoreable que todo lo arrasa a su paso, una reminiscencia de un pasado oscurantista y atrasado, de la que partirían los voceros de la "buena nueva" sobre el inminente régimen de hierro que está por venir, como si de una maldición arrojada se tratase.

"Los eslavos no son arios, son inferiores"

Escrito nada más y nada menos que por un General de las SS que estuvo combatiendo en el Frente del Este en primera línea, que fue testigo de lo que ocurrió allí y que sabe lo que dice. Degrelle habla de lo que hubiese pasado de haber ganado Alemania la Segunda Guerra Mundial, y habla sobre la unión de todos los europeos —incluyendo los eslavos— en los campos de batalla y en las retaguardias ocupadas.



Igualmente hubiese intervenido el genio ruso, y de una manera considerable, estoy seguro, en el refinamiento de una Europa demasiado alemana en donde doscientos millones de eslavos del Este iban a ser integrados. Cuatro años viviendo mezclados al pueblo ruso, hicieron que los combatientes antisoviéticos lo estimaran, admiraran y amaran.

La desgracia reside en que, desde hace medio siglo [tengamos en cuenta cuándo fue escrito esto], las virtudes de esos doscientos millones de brava gente se encuentran ahogadas —y peligran de estarlo aún bastante tiempo— bajo la enorme losa de plomo del régimen soviético.

Este pueblo es tranquillo, sensible, inteligente y artista, y posee al mismo tiempo el don de las matemáticas, lo que no resulta contradictorio: la ley de los números es la base de todas las artes.

(…)

Puede imaginarse la sorpresa de los alemanes, atravesando Rusia y no encontrando más que rubios de ojos azules, tipos exactos de estos arios perfectos a los que se les había obligado a admirar en exclusiva. ¡Rubios! ¡Y rubias! ¡Y qué rubias! Grandes campesinas, espléndidas, fuertes, de ojos celestes, más naturales y sanas que las que había podido reunir la Hitlerjugend.

¡No podía imaginarse siquiera raza más típicamente adaptada a los sacrosantos cánones del hitlerismo!

En seis meses se hizo rusófilo todo el Ejército Alemán. Se fraternizaba con los campesinos por todas partes. ¡Y con las campesinas! Como ocurrió con Napoleón, Europa se formaba también en los brazos de las europeas y, en este caso, de estas bellas jóvenes rusas, hechas para el amor y la fecundidad y a las que se vio, durante la retirada, seguir frenéticamente, entre el fragor de los más terribles combates, a los Erik, los Walter, los Karl, los Wolfgang que les habían enseñado, en los momentos de descanso, el placer de amar y su encanto, aunque ello viniera del Oeste.

Algunos profesores nazis profesaban teorías violentamente antieslavas. Pero éstas no hubiesen resistido más de diez años de compenetración ruso-germánica. Los rusos de ambos sexos hubiesen conocido al alemán rápidamente. Ya empezaban a conocerlo bien. Encontrábamos manuales alemanes en todas las escuelas. El lazo del idioma se hubiese desarrollado en Rusia más rápidamente que en cualquier otro lugar de Europa.

El alemán posee admirables cualidades de técnico y de organizador. Pero el ruso, soñador, es más imaginativo y más vivo de espíritu. Uno hubiese completado al otro. Los lazos de sangre hubiesen hecho el resto. Los jóvenes alemanes, a pesar de lo que hubiese querido hacer en contra la propaganda, hubiesen desposado a cientos de miles de jóvenes rusas. Les gustaban. La creación de la Europa del Este se hubiese completado de la forma más agradable. La conjunción germano-rusa hubiese hecho maravillas.

La abolición de la esclavitud de negros por parte de la Italia Fascista



Etiopía cuando fue intervenida por Mussolini, era un país cuyos gobernantes eras reyes financiados por la corona británica, el cual se sostenia mediante la esclavización de sus propios ciudadanos, que muy comúnmente o eran utilizados como animales de carga, o eran vendidos a países como Turquía, cuando llegó Mussolini, no solo prohibió la venta de esclavos (como puede verse en una de las imágenes), si no que también les dio el respeto que se merecían, siendo que muchos viajaron a Italia, recibieron educación en grandes centros de estudios italianos financiados por el estado, e inclusive, Mussolini lejos de sacar ganancia alguna con el territorio, admitiría años mas tarde, que pese a ser un acto humanitario, era demasiado la inversión la cual se destinaba a Etiopía.

No nos olvidemos que era una de las naciones con mayor tasa de mortalidad, sobretodo por enfermedades mortales que se expandían de tal modo, que podría haber contagiado a Europa, Mussolini construiría numerosos leprarios (hoy la propaganda nos dicen que eran campos de concentración a disidentes africanos, cuando no eran mas que leprosos).



Otro hecho curioso es que Etiopía vivió bajo los tres regímenes políticos, el capitalista, el comunista y el fascista.

Y el peor de los regimenes fue sin lugar a dudas el comunista, millones de campesinos pasaron a depender del Estado marxista que había expropiado sus tierras con la excusa de concedérselos al "pueblo trabajador" y con el tiempo fue el Partido de los Trabajadores de Etiopía (PTE), quien se convertiría en la organización rectora de la vida y la política del país, y la población la cual tenían que liberar, debía obedecer ciegamente a los dictados del Partido.

A la pobreza general debida a las expropiaciones de 1975, se agregaba que quienes todavía poseían pequeñas parcelas que apenas les permitían producir para vivir, tenían la obligación de pagar altos impuestos al gobierno. Además, el Estado era el único demandante de los excedentes agrícolas, por lo que controlaba completamente los precios, fijados por un gabinete ministerial, y que no correspondían a los del mercado.

Así, los campesinos pagaban más por las semillas en el mercado negro de lo que recibían del Estado por el producto final. Y esto arruinó a la gran mayoría.

El bajísimo valor de precio fijo del grano era un desincentivo para la producción, y algunos campesinos tenían que comprar grano en el mercado abierto sólo para cumplir la cuota obligada.

El sistema de empobrecimiento etíope se dio no solo en aquel país, si no en casi media áfrica, en Angola gobernó el Movimiento Popular de Liberación de Angola, en Argelia el "Frente de Liberación Nacional" (que no les engañe el nombre, debido al descrédito que tenia el marxismo en sus ciudadanos, actuaron como si fuesen nacionalistas), en El Congo gobernó el Partido del Pueblo para la Reconstrucción y la Democracia ("Democracia"), Etiopía es hasta el día de hoy que es gobernada por Frente Democrático Revolucionario del Pueblo Etíope , Eritrea fue gobernada por el Frente para la liberación de Eritrea (FLE) y así sucesivamente...

Hoy los marxistas despotrican por el hambre que hay en el África, culpando al fascismo y al capitalismo, cuando curiosamente, los "negros fascistas" fueron asesinados desde 1946 con la "descolonizacion", que no era mas que la entrega de territorios por parte de gobernadores masones como De Gaulle al marxismo, pese a que los habitantes africanos pidieron ayuda encarecidamente a los europeos para no caer bajo el yugo comunista.

Inclusive, cada año se invierten miles de millones de dolares a través de ONG, como la Cruz Roja, Organizaciones religiosas y hasta organizaciones internacionales como la ONU, y pese a eso sigue habiendo pobreza, ¿que sucede?, pese a que el pueblo pasa hambre y muere por las hambrunas, sus gobernantes (de los partidos de izquierda) se encuentran entre los mas ricos del mundo.

Situación similar apareció en los países africanos que eran capitalistas, pese a que la calidad de vida era superior a los africanos marxistas, hay que considerar que se le expropiaron gran parte de sus recursos a precios viles para que empresas multinacionales puedan crear sus artículos a un menor precio y que sea mayor su ganancia, y en muchas ocasiones, la extracción de las materias primas son sangrientas, como las de diamantes, por no mencionar cuando eran utilizados como conejillos de indias al momento de experimentar con enfermedades.

Pese a quien le pese, aunque lloren lagrimas de sangre por las "colonizaciones de los salvajes europeos", África tuvo su mayor calidad de vida en aquellas épocas, y gran parte del hambre y la pobreza en la cual vive hoy día, se dio luego de las descolonizaciones, que ademas, gracias a las operaciones de subversión cubana en el África, es hasta el día de hoy que existen innumerables guerras civiles, que no dan paz a los países, y solo les hacen entrar en guerras interminables, guerras beneficiosas para los estados de izquierda quienes proporcionan las armas a los guerrilleros, y a la derecha fabricante de armas quienes se enriquecen enormemente con tal negocio.



Etiopíes brazo en alto ante el DUCE

Ahora bien, ¿que sucedió bajo el fascismo?

Comparándolo con el resto de países que integraban el continente africano, en tan poco tiempo paso de ser el país mas pobre de la región, a tener uno de las menores tasas de mortalidad del continente.

En Etiopía se construyeron hospitales y escuelas, con ayuda de instituciones eclesiásticas y de la Cruz Roja Internacional, las cuales observaban y ayudaban codo a codo con los italianos, para mejorar la calidad de vida de los habitantes etíopes, a diferencia de las Etiopía marxista, que solo aceptarían donaciones, mas no permitirla que la Cruz Roja se "inmiscuyeran en asuntos internos".

Si se investiga, se vera foto de niños italianos y etíopes jugando entre si, formando en filas, e inclusive estudiando juntos.



Dicho "racismo=fascismo" no es mas que un mito, siendo que para la época había divisiones italianas conformadas por africanos que operaban en África, en donde blancos y negros se encontraban en las mismas trincheras, muy diferente a EEUU donde su primera batalla interracial se dio en Diciembre de 1944 en las Ardenas por la sorpresa alemana.

Pese a que lo escrito ahora solo intenta demostrar un poco sobre la historia del fascismo, también cabe mencionar que los habitantes de Cameroon veían con buenos ojos al gobierno alemán de la época cuyo Fuhrer era Adolf Hitler (el mismo que felicitaría a los deportistas de raza negra en los juegos olímpicos de Berlin), y en donde el trato dado por el eje siempre fue humanitario, a tal punto que los mismos generales alemanes admitirían que de no ser por el desprecio que sentían las poblaciones hacia Inglaterra y el aprecio que sentían hacia Alemania, jamas hubieran podido permanecer tanto tiempo en guerra en el continente africano.

La Italia Fascista abolió la esclavitud de los negros en Etiopía.

En la foto: niños "balillas" africanos.





Gandhi abrazando a unos balillas, la sección infantil y juvenil del Partido Nacional Fascista italiano.

